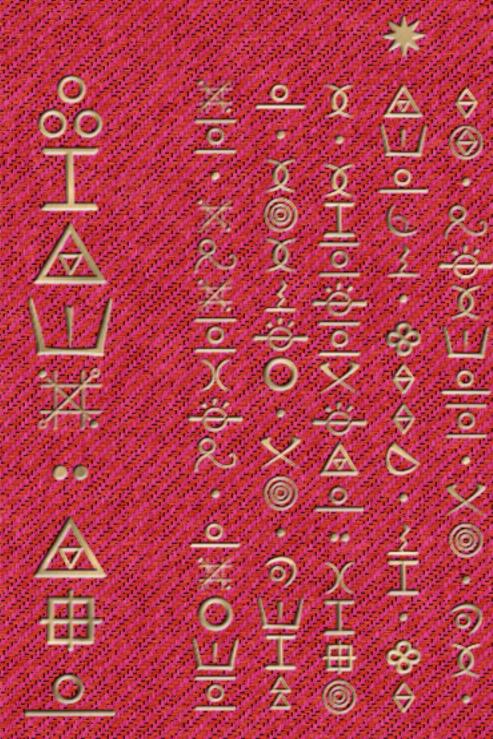
# ZORIA RPG

An Advanced Gaming System



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# Zoría RPG

An Advanced Gaming System

By Xious Sonenberg

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Revision N°. 0.5.3.14

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It is often said that it is because of N'Tra that Felosa turned to evil, and attempted to destroy all life, in an attempt to prevent her from turning all living things into grotesque creatures under her sway, much in the same way as her sons attempted (and failed) to "improve" the mortal races in their creation of Orcs and Goblinkind.

N'Tra and Felosa have been bitter enemies ever since, and Balda has said that in the end, he shall have his justice, as the creations of N'Tra will prove her undoing. For her actions, N'Tra is despised by all the gods save Weldankh and Keldor, who use her undead armies to fuel their goals. Some of the dark gods permit the use of undead by their priests and followers, but Felosa hates all of them, save the original "beautiful" revenants that preserve life in its beauty and glory indefinitely.

In the end, N'Tra was chained and set in place on her throne of decay in Chastë, from where the Imandi hope that she shall never escape. Aldus however has given his doom that she shall be freed by mortals, ere the end, and that her war is far from over. Balda has refused to enlighten us with his vision of the prophesy concerning the doom of N'Tra.

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#### Section 1.0 "Abilities"

#### **Ability Scores**

Abilities are the basis for a character. Each person differs slightly in what they can or cannot do, and what is easier to do for them than other people. This is reflected in the game via numeric statistics for each ability score, and a modifier for each statistic that is applied to checks, saves, and attacks.

Zoria uses the same six base ability scores as most d20 games, but also adds two more: Fea and Movement.

Each ability score in Zoria has two sub-scores, which define skills, abilities and powers and help greatly in defining the strengths and weaknesses of a particular character. These sub-abilities are not separately generated, but rather are devised through an average of the eight primary stats.

#### Here's how it works:

For each primary sub-statistic, you may deviate up to two points in either direction for the associated sub-statistics, subtracting up to two points from one to add the same amount to the other. Not only does this allow you to fine-tune a character's statistics, making them more proficient in some areas and less in others, but it also allows you to split odd numbered prime stats into even sub stats, gaining a slightly higher over-all statistic bonus at 1st level.

To understand how this works, let's put you through two examples of how this works, explaining the pros and cons.

In this example of splitting a statistic, we show the benefit of splitting an odd numbered statistic:

Mira, a 1<sup>st</sup> level Sorceress rolls a 15 Charisma. Not too shabby, but as in the Zoria system, Charisma is not the driving forcer of her spells, but rather it is *Influence*, one substat of Charisma, that makes them more potent. Thus, Mira's player decides to take the 15, and split one point of it out into the sub-stats, making Influence a 16, and Physical Beauty a 14. So, Mira is still highly attractive, but is much more influential.

Now, if you have an even statistic already, there can still be a compelling reason to split it, especially in the advent of rolling an 18 using a 3d6 rolling method, as this is the only way to gain a 20 in any sub-stat.

Moradin, a 1<sup>st</sup> level Ranger rolls a 16 for his Strength. An excellent score! Now, he has the opportunity to define whether he wants to be as strong as he is enduring. This meaning, does he want his sub-stats of Muscle and Stamina to be 16 across the board, or does he desire to excel more in one than the other?

As a ranger, if he's going to use melee weapons in hand-to-hand combat, he may want a higher Muscle score, as this changes not only his ability to make a good strike, but also increases the damage he does with each hit. In this case, he can elect to bump his Muscle up to an 18, and drop Stamina to a 14.

If he's going to go for archery, muscle may not be so important, and perhaps he'd rather have the ability to keep active longer, increasing his range of travel on foot, or have the ability to stay awake longer, and keep a better (and more alert) watch, thus bumping Stamina up to an 18 and lowering Muscle.

Of course, if he wants to play it safe, keeping both at 16 is still an option.

Any way you look at it, what is unadvisable is to split a statistic so that both sub-stats are odd numbers, thus losing one point in a single sub-stat that would generate a higher ability bonus, to gain no ability bonus increase in the other. In other words, if you have a 16 Dexterity, don't split it to make your *Aim* 17, and your *Balance* 15. A 17 doesn't increase your Aim modifier, and a 15 actually reduces your Balance modifier.

Lastly, never make splits with the idea in mind that your abilities will be going up in four levels. If you play your character well, you shouldn't have to worry about getting ability increases, but should make the most of what you have, Remember that your skills will be (mostly) based on your sub-abilities, or averages of two sub-abilities. Primary abilities modify very few skills, though there are a couple based on the average of **one primary stat and one sub-stat**, thus averaging three sub-stats. The assignments provided in this book for skill ability are for general reference, based on the author's ideas of how a skill relates to a character's abilities. Feel free to alter them if you need to, either for one given situation or permanently as they fit into your world, and your game's laws of physics.

Thus, the ability scores used are as follows:

```
Strength
```

Muscle

Stamina

Dexterity

Aim

Balance

Mobility

Speed

Movement

Constitution

Health

Fitness

Intelligence

Knowledge

Reasoning

Wisdom

```
Perception (Intuition)
Willpower
Charisma
Influence
Physical Beauty
Fea
Soul
Luck
```

#### Abilities Defined:

**Strength** is the culmination of exercise and expresses your ability to perform physical tasks. Its split abilities are:

**Muscle**, which defines your ability to lift, push, and damage opponents in melee combat, and:

**Stamina**, which defines your ability to keep going under strenuous conditions, such as how long you can make a march before you need rest, or how long you can force yourself to stay awake.

**Dexterity** is your limberness and deftness. Its sub-abilities are:

**Aim**, which determines your ranged combat skill, and;

**Balance**, which determines your ability to walk or move along tricky surfaces, and your Reflex Save.

**Constitution** is your physical health, and determines how lively you are. Its split abilities are:

**Health**, which determines your relative ability to shrug off disease or sickness. It is used for your Fortitude save, and;

**Fitness**, which determines your Hit Point modifier and your ability to perform harmful tasks.

*Intelligence* is your IQ: The culmination of trained mental effort, and your ability to learn, further split between:

**Knowledge**, your accumulated knowledge of the world and all things.

**Reasoning**, which is your ability to learn and perform tasks. Reasoning determines the number of bonus skill points you get at each level.

**Wisdom** is your ability to perceive the world around you and understand how to better perform a task. Its sub-abilities are:

**Perception**, your ability to know what is going on around you. Perception determines a Monk's AC modifier.

**Willpower**, mind over matter, the ability to make things happen the way YOU want them to be. Willpower is the basis of most divine magic.

*Charisma* is your gusto, your ability to charm and make friends. Its sub-abilities are:

**Influence**, the ability to directly meddle in others affairs, and persuade others to listen to you. Influence is the key Spellcasting ability for Sorcerer and Wild Mages.

**Appearance** is how good you look to others. Some races have a bonus or penalty to Appearance, which plays a big part in the art of *seduction*.

*Fëa* is your inner self that is intangible, all of you, and defies the physical: your spirit. Its sub abilities are:

**Soul**, which determines the relative strength and age of your soul. Especially powerful for Soulcasters, and the key ability for your Soul Save. The higher the number, the older and stronger your soul is.

**Luck** determines how lucky you are. Games of chance use luck, and you use Luck to modify other rolls as well. Characters that have an item that gives them "Luck rolls" work off your Luck score.

*Mobility* is your ability to move around and avoid taking a hit.

**Movement** determines how many squares or hexes of movement you can make in one combat action, whereas;

**Speed** is your ability to dodge blows and make attacks using "Weapon Finesse".

Movement determines how far you can move in a half action. You can move up to your movement score (multiplied by your size modifier) in feet as a half action. (Size mod; small = 2x, medium = 3x, large = 4x, etc) An average human with a movement of 12 has a movement of 36 (rounded down to 35) and therefore can move 35 feet as a half action. A human with a movement of 20 can move 60 feet as a half action, but a halfling with a movement of 20 can only move 40 as a half action.

Soul Strength determines how powerful your soul is. This is often reflected by saying that someone with a high Soul statistic has an 'old soul" while someone with a rather low Soul stat has a 'fresh' or 'young' soul. You use your Soul statistic for the activation of some items, types of Spellcasting, and for saves of very special nature. Magic, Psionics and Technology are all incapable of increasing your Soul statistic. It does not increase as you gain levels. Whatever you have at the start of the game is all you're going to have. Nothing short of an artifact, or the intervention of a greater or super-deity can grant an increase to the power of your soul.

Luck determines how lucky you are and is useful as a modifier of gambling skills, as well as determining how many luck rolls you gain with the *luck class ability* (but **not** with items that grant luck x many times per day, such as a *Luck Blade*).

Mystic & Psychic Aptitude (*Previously. Mystic & Psionic Affinities*):

Each character has two *Aptitudes*, determined during character creation by rolling 1d100. The first, *Psychic Aptitude* determines how open your mind is to psychic and Psionic energies.

You must roll against your P.A. to learn new Psionic powers, and the D.M. may call upon a P.A. roll if you are in areas of Psychic turbulence. TO succeed, you must roll under your P.A. score, meaning that if you have a P.A. of 63, you must roll a 01-63 on a d100 to succeed. Your D.M. may apply a bonus or penalty as appropriate to such rolls. A 01-05 is always a success, with varying degrees of critical success, 01 being the best. Likewise, a 96-100 is always a failure, with a 100 being the worst possible failure. Usually a D.M. will make these rolls for you, meaning that if you critically fail, you may now know it until some un-opportune moment.

#### Sanity

Sanity determines how sane your character is. This statistic is the only statistic that can go down on a regular basis, and Sanity does not heal without outside influence (such as psychiatric counsel). Sanity scores are determined by rolling 10d10 (min 10/max 100). Only Magic, technology, Psionics or medical treatment can increase your sanity score; you cannot increase your sanity at every 4<sup>th</sup> level as you can with normal statistics. Medical treatment cannot increase your sanity score beyond your starting sanity score. Note: You can intentionally lower your sanity before you start the game. The lower your sanity, the more mental afflictions you gain as determined in the section 'Going Insane'.

Madness determines how insane your character is. Each character starts with a madness of zero. If your sanity score is ever reduced to zero, any sanity damage you take from that point on is added to your madness score. For each +1 modifier of your madness score you gain another mental illness or condition from the insanity chart (Ch X). Some classes use madness for other things such as skill checks or spell/power DCs, etc. *If you have a sanity score of 1 or more, your madness is always at zero*.

#### Taint:

#### **Determining Statistics:**

Each statistic is determined by rolling d6 dice with one of the following dice methods (The DM will decide which is appropriate.):

#### **Rolling Statistics:**

#### **Basic (Normal) Statistic Rolling method:**

This is the method that the author uses for his games, and is best for experienced players that can play a diverse range of classes and personas.

For each statistic, going down the list roll 3d6. Do not re-roll ones, and plug in each roll to the stats in order. Do not select where the stat roll will go.

If you need to modify stats to make a certain class playable, you may subtract two points from any one statistic to add one point to another. Remember that with the sub-abilities you may not need to modify any primary stat, or at least not in a dramatic fashion, to make a playable character.

If the sum of all of your ability *modifiers* is zero or less, you may re-roll all of your statistics. Otherwise, you take what you get and then choose a class that is playable with them.

# If the Dungeon Master allows, you may also choose one of the following alternative methods for rolling stats:

#### 4d6 Stat Method:

This is the Power *Zoria* statistic roll method, reflecting higher statistics than normal for a d20 game.

#### Power 4d6 Method A:

For each statistic other than sanity and madness, roll 4d6. Keep all rolls (including 1s and 2s) for all eight statistics and place them where applicable. You can alter these statistics as normal by subtracting two points from any one statistic and adding one point to another. This method allows for rather high statistics compared to most game settings (min 4/max 24 vs. min 3/max18) but it is also easier to roll statistics that are fairly low as well.

#### Power 4d6 Method B:

This is a slightly more powerful version of the 4d6 method. You roll statistics as normal, but re-roll any natural die roll of a 1. This raises the minimum statistic to 8, meaning every character rolled will have very few weak points.

#### Power 4d6 Method C:

This is an even more powerful version of the 4d6 method. You roll statistics as normal, but re-roll any natural die roll of a 1 or a 2. This raises the minimum statistic to 12, meaning that no character will have a true weak point. This should only be used in games where PCs encounter rather powerful creatures on a constant basis.

#### 3d6 Statistic Flexible method:

This is a statistic rolling method, which some DMs may prefer to allow compatibility with other d20 game settings.

#### 3d6 Method A:

For each statistic other than sanity and madness, roll 3d6, discarding any natural die roll of 1 or 2. The average statistic may be slightly lower, but it is impossible to achieve statistics less than 9; meaning for a more balanced game.

#### 3d6 Method B:

In this variant, you roll 4d6, and keep the best three. Re-roll natural ones, but not twos. With this method, your stats can never be lower than 6, and will average 11 with a fair chance of striking a couple stats of 16 or better.

#### 3d6 Method C:

In this variant, you roll 5d6, and keep the best three. You do not re-roll natural die rolls of 1 or 2. This variant makes the minimum statistic 3, but allows for a higher chance of rolling a high statistic, thus making the ability scores more random and variable.

#### Point system method:

This statistic determination method involved the assignment of points from a point pool of 140 points.

For each statistic other than sanity and madness, you can assign a minimum of 4 to a maximum of 24 points from the point pool. You assign the statistics you desire based on an average roll for each statistic, making the creation of characters more balanced and less random. Using this method all creatures and characters will have an ability score point total of 140.

Point pool method A: This variant uses 105 points instead of 140 simulating the 3d6 system but otherwise works in the same manner as the 140 point pool method.

#### Ability Score Modifiers:

For each ability score, there is a score modifier that applies to skill checks, saving throws, attacks and ability checks (all of which are d20 rolls). To determine the ability score modifier, take the whole ability score divided by two, and subtract five (rounded down).

For example, an ability score of 11 has a modifier of +0 (11/2 = 5.5 - 5 = 0.5, rounded down to 0). An ability score of 22 has a modifier of +6 (22/2 = 11 - 5 = 6). An ability score of 8 has a negative modifier (8/2 = 4 - 5 = -1). Low ability scores with negative modifiers apply a penalty to checks, saves and attacks in the same way positive modifiers improve these checks. See the Skills section for more details on how this works.

New Ability Scores (PB, Soul, Sanity, Movement)

Physical beauty: In other game settings, your Charisma score determines how physically attractive you are. This is *not* so in the *Zoria* game setting. In the *Zoria* game setting, how attractive you are is determined by your Physical beauty score. Physical beauty improves your chance for finding a suitable mate, and is used for certain skill checks.

Special Adjustments for Ability Scores from other settings; e.g. monster ability score increases)

The average ability score for most creatures in the d20 system is 10.5, based on the average roll of 3d6. This is not true if you use either the 4d6 or 140-point pool methods. To compensate for this, adjust the average scores of creatures presented in compendiums of creatures by +2 each statistic; and add the PB, Soul, Luck and Movement statistics with a score of 12 in each.

You can adjust these statistic scores further as you desire. For example, a creature that is fairly ugly would have a very low PB stat, while an outsider would have a lower Soul stat, and a creature that moves faster than most may have a higher movement stat.

Remember that a creature should have an average statistic total of no less than an average human unless they are typically underpowered or weak.

New Saving Throws (Soul, Sanity)

Ability Score Alterations and Optional Changes

When compared to most of the d20 system, the statistics in this system seem fairly complicated. The new stats greatly increase the depth of game play, Because of this; some classes from other d20 system games will play strangely unless altered.

Any class or feat that grants an increase to the movement of a creature instead increases its movement score as follows:

For each 5-foot increase, add 2 to the movement score. For each 10 feet increase, add 4 to the movement score.

Anything that determines its power based on beauty is no longer charisma based; use Physical beauty instead.

Classes that use wisdom to determine statistics for insane characters (such as clerics with the madness domain) now use the madness score instead.

#### Section 2.0 "New Races and Subraces"

- 3.1 Racial Characteristics
- 3.2 High Elves
- 3.3 Grey Elves
- 3.4 Sea Elves
- 3.5 Wood Elves

#### 3.6 Dûrrioweth

The word 'Drow' is a perversion of the Elven word 'Dûrrioweth' meaning 'Wanderers in dark shadow'. Their high king of old also bore a similar name, Dûrrowë, meaning "Elf from the Dark".

The Dûrrowë were, I the ancient past, part of the general Elven races, but at some point in history powerful magical energies touched them and that darkened their skin, silvering their hair and eyes. This potent force of magical energy gave them potent supernatural power, and an inert understanding of the magical energy field. The first to be touched with this ability was Dûrrowë, who first manifested his power by casting darkness from him. In fear of their power, the Elves banished them, and began to hunt them off. To survive the Dûrrioweth fled to caves to protect themselves and began to establish a kingdom of their own, taking Dûrrowë as their leader.

The empire of the Dark elves flourished as they established deeper delves and expanded their tunneling deep underground, deeper even than the greatest Dwarven realms. They constructed their greatest city deep down near the core of the planet next to a Vortex, a magnet for mystic energy, which they use to as a source of power for their new empire. The hidden city of silver darkness is their capital, now perverted by worshipers of Thyn'ghöz and Felosa, both of whom much of the population greatly revered.

After the demise of Dûrrowë, the story of which remains a mystery but likely stems from his rumored opposition of the worship of the dark gods, (Dûrrowë was a worshiper of Merlankh Talyxiux, who fought against Felosa in the opening wars of the powers.) his wife Ithiloth, "Moonflower" took over the rule of his realm. She, whom outsiders have named "Lloth", perverting the meaning of her name, openly accepted the dark temples and allowed them governing authority, making herself a dominant figure in both the imperial court and religious sect.

This act, though I made her immensely powerful and influential, sealed forever the fate of the Dûrrioweth, handing their destinies over to Felosa and Thyn'ghöz and almost completely banishing all other temples from the lands. Other temples survive as secret cults, (most commonly Haldor and Yea've).

#### 3.7 Dwarves

#### 3.8 Half Races

3.8.1 Rendwar

#### 3.9 New Races

- 3.9.1 Elrdrians (The Old Ones)
- 3.9.2 Zorians
- 3.9.3 Zo'rani

#### Section 3.0 "Classes, Revised and New"

#### 13.0 New Classes

```
13.1
      Normal Classes
       13.1.1 Mage
                            Wizard
             13.1.1.1
             13.1.1.2
                            Sorcerer
             13.1.1.3
                           Wild Mage
                            Artificer (Prestige Class)
             13.1.1.4
                           Technomage
             13.1.1.5
                           Elemental Master (now sorcerer)
             13.1.1.6
       13.1.2 Psychic
             13.1.2.1
                           Psion
             13.1.2.2
                           Psychic Warrior
                           Psychic Wilder
             13.1.2.3
                           Technomage/Technopsion
             13.1.2.4
       13.1.3 Mastercrafter
       13.1.4 Ranger
       13.1.5 Scientist
13.2
      Power Classes
      13.2.1 Power Bard
       13.2.2 Power ...
13.3
      Gestalt Classes
       13.3.1 Normal Gestalt Classes
       13.3.2 Double Gestalt Classes
```

#### Skill Point Based Attack Scores:

Instead of using a Base Attack Bonus (BAB), you may elect to use skill based attacks by forcing characters to put skill points into various attack skills \*listed below). If using this system, disregard the normal amount of skill points that each character should have, and instead give each character 10 skill points + (Int Modifier Bonus) per level. This allows characters to decide where their learning efforts are directed: whether toward weapon or non-weapon proficiencies.

Sorcerer and wiz both gain MP based on dice, e.g. xd6 Mp/lvl. Sorcerer gains twice the amount of MP dice?

#### **Section 1: Class Groups**

FIGHTER GROUPS

The Warrior

Warriors are the ultimate generalist combatant. Stemming from both trained and untrained groups, warriors exist to stand tall and proud in the face of peril, with strong arms to wield deadly weapons. They are the core fighters in many non-military organizations, as well as low ranking men in armies and pseudo-armies of all kinds.

Tribal groups also have warrior sects who guard the tribe against invasion and protect their fellows against incursions of deadly hunting animals.

Racial and alignment background: Warriors may be of any alignment, and exist in all races other than Elven races, who's fighters are trained as soldiers.

Hit Die: d12. The warrior's hit dice reflect their hardiness in combat as compared to their nearly non-existent training in other non-martial expertise.

Skill points: 4 (+ Int Modifier) per level of experience.

#### The Soldier

Soldiers are trained men at arms serving under the leadership of a hierarchical military organization. Trained in various forms of combat, soldiers have also gained various levels of expertise in martial warfare and useful tactical abilities and knowledge sufficient to serve their leaders.

Racial and alignment characteristics: Soldiers are usually lawful or neutral, although some exceptional soldiers are of a slightly chaotic bent, either delivering them into roles of leadership, or exiling them from their military organization in disgrace. The latter variety often become mercenaries.

Hit Die: d10. The soldier is hardier than most people, with greater knowledge of how to avoid blows in combat, but is not quite as tough as the tribal warriors who live under the shadow of death in every struggle.

Skill Points: 6 (+ Int Modifier) per level of experience.

#### The Mercenary

Mercenaries are men at arms who serve themselves, but are willing to sell their services for a profit.

#### The Swordmaster

The swordmaster is a trained elite who has been trained in martial warfare by a select noble family whom he has dedicated his life to defending. His weapon skills are the best, his training the highest, and his tactical abilities top notch.

Not as hardy as soldiers or warriors, but exceptionally more skillful and intelligent, a swordmaster's duties extend beyond simple combat and into full-scale military planning. A true swordmaster is capable of dealing with a foe without the need for bloodshed, but can easily cripple his enemies with strategically placed blows when the time is ripe for picking them off.

Racial and alignment characteristics: Swordmasters must be of lawful alignment and must service one family loyally and be willing to sacrifice themselves for the causes of that house. If a swordmaster ever loses his status with that family, he cannot progress further in this class, but he retains all abilities gained thus far.

Hit Die: d8. The swordmaster is trained to use his battle prowess to quickly eliminate foes and judges battles cautiously and never takes on foes that he cannot overcome, except to give his life for the service of his lord.

Skill Points: 8 (+ Int Modifier) per level of experience.

Mage (Wizard, Sorcerer, Technomage, Wild Mage, Elemental Master)

#### 4.1 Mages

Unlike some other games, all mages can cast any spell they know without preparing ("memorizing") it, at its normal spell casting time and can learn spells of any circle, regardless of their level. A 4<sup>th</sup> Level Wizard can learn an 8<sup>th</sup> Circle spell, as long as he is lucky enough to find it, had the resources to research it, or somebody teaches it to him. Each time a spell is cast the caster must make a spellcraft check to ensure that the spell is cast properly. Failure indicates the MFE (MFE is Mystic Field Energy) is wasted and the spell didn't go off. Failure by 5 or more indicates that additional (undesirable) effects happen as well, such as spell mishaps.

This is set into place to make sure that a caster of level 3 that wants to cast a spell of circle 9, which requires a DC 24 (Maybe DC 29?) spellcraft check has a much higher chance of flubbing than a 15th level caster.

Spell feats now add to both the DC and the MFE cost instead of spell level adjustment. For example, "Still Spell", which makes the somatic components of a spell a purely mental action, would up the DC of a spell by +2, and add +4MFE to the casting cost. A wizard may still prepare spells with these feats to quicken the casting, which ups the spell slot level. Otherwise, the feats take one extra action to invoke.

Spell power increases with your level in various ways. In addition to the increase of damage:

**Scalable spells:** Instead of simply adding more damage dice to a spell as you gain levels, you now have the option to add that damage at higher levels by spending more

energy. Spells that allow for such expansion have a base MPE cost and base number of damage dice, but as you gain levels you may add additional dice of damage by spending more MPE.

Fireball, for example may have a base MPE of 4 and does 3d6 fire damage, but you can add additional dice of damage for 1MPE each with a maximum number of damage dice equal to your level. Thus, a 20<sup>th</sup> level caster can spend 21 MPE to deliver a 20d6 fireball. (4MPE base +17 MPE for additional damage). You must declare how much MPE you are spending **before** you begin casting the spell, as if the spell is lost **all of** that MPE cost (**including** all additional MPE for additional scalable effects) is wasted, not just the base cost.

Scaling may also affect area, distance and other variables.

Increased DC to resist: The DC to save against a spell increases as you gain levels. The base DC to save against a spell or power is (10 + Spell Circle + Relevant Modifier + ½ Caster Level). Thus, to resist a 10<sup>th</sup> level mage casting a fireball with a 17 Reasoning, the DC will be 21: 10 + 3 (spell circle) + 3 (Reasoning Modifier) + 5 (half of the caster's level.

**Mystical Affinity:** To learn or cast a spell, you must roll against your Mystical Affinity (M.A.). As a mage, your M.A. score increased by 1d10 every four levels, and your P.A. increases by 1d4 every four *class* levels. (Non mage classes increase both their M.A and P.A. by 1d4 ever four levels.)

**Learning a Spell:** When you encounter a spell that you wish to add to your repertoire, you first must roll a d100 against your M.A. score. To succeed, you must roll under your M.A. with any applicable penalties taken into account by the DM. If that succeeds, you must then roll a Spellcraft check to see if you have the requisite knowledge necessary to learn that spell. The DC for this check is 15+Spell Circle (e.g. a 2<sup>nd</sup> circle spell has a DC of 17, whereas a 9<sup>th</sup> circle spell has a DC of 24).

**Example 1:** Rolas, a 6<sup>th</sup> Level Wizard wishes to learn *Fireball (a 3<sup>rd</sup> circle spell)* from a scroll. His M.A. is 65, so he rolls a d100. He must roll a 65 or less to be able to learn the spell at all. If he succeeds, he must roll a Spellcraft check equal to the difficulty of the spell or higher.

**Example 2:** Eldylwyn, a 5<sup>th</sup> level Sorceress who specializes in Fire/Heat wishes to learn *Shape Stone* (a 5<sup>th</sup> circle spell), which is a secondary antithesis for her. The difficulty of such an undertaking is reflected by a 25% penalty applied to her M.A. roll and to her Spellcraft rolls. Her M.A. is also 65, but because of the 25% penalty she must roll a 40 or less to succeed. Additionally, the Spellcraft check is more difficult by the same 25% factor, which adds +5

to the DC, so she must roll a Spellcraft check of 25 or better to learn the spell.

**M.A and Spellcraft Rolls for Casting Spells:** Under normal circumstances, you don't need to roll against your M.A to cast a spell. In *initiative phase* however, each time you cast a spell you must roll against your M.A. with appropriate penalties applied by the DM. This is because in normal game play, there is no need to worry about whether a spell goes off immediately, and you can take your time to exercise your mystic will against the MEF. In battle, or other initiative based situations, time is of the essence and you may not get your spell to go off on the first attempt, so you must roll your MA check, just as when learning a spell, in order to cast it **that round.** If you fail, no MFE is lost, but the time is wasted. You ma retry on the following round.

Thus, the first roll you must make when casting a spell in initiative phase is your MA check to see if the spell will go off **at all**, before you make any other checks (Spellcraft, Caster level, etc.). Again, if the first roll fails, the spell **does not** use any MPE, as it signifies that you were unable to manipulate the energy field at that time.

You must also make a Spellcraft check every time you cast a spell, but you may always "take a 10" on these rolls. That is, you can assume that you have a 10 on each die roll and simply add 10 to your Spellcraft bonus to see if you are able to cast that spell. The DC for this check is 15+Spell Circle, thus Cantrips (0 Circle) spells have a DC of 15 to cast, 1st Circle spells, 16, 2nd Circle Spells 17, and so on. Therefore, it is only problematic to cast higher circle spells as a lower level caster. Unlike the M.A. roll, if this roll fails you **do waste MPE.** Thus, a Wizard with a Spellcraft of +7 can always make a Spellcraft check of 17 and can therefore always cast 2nd Circle Spells, but **must** roll to cast 3nd Circle or higher spells.

#### It is not possible to "take a 20" when casting a spell.

In any event, if you fail this roll by 5 or more, the spell is misfires and has undesirable results. Sorcerers have a -5 penalty on Spellcraft rolls to case a spell that falls under their secondary antithesis. Thus, a Sorcerer with the Air/Electricity primary element must roll a 21 or better to cast a 1<sup>st</sup> Circle Water/ice spell (DC= 15 + Spell Circle 1 + 5 for secondary antithesis). You may look at this as an increased DC or a penalty to the roll (thus the DC is still 16, but you must subtract 5 from their roll, thus the sorcerer must roll a 21 or higher to make this DC (21-5=16).

Actions and seconds now measure Spellcasting time. You can now use both actions in a round for casting, and a mage must occasionally rest between castings on very

complex spells.

Write into spell description the verbal components (in Zoraec), then gauge the time required to say them. This is the casting time in seconds for that spell, rounded up to the nearest 3 seconds.

#### 4.1.1 Wizard

Game Rule Information:

Hit Die: d6 BAB: ¾ HD

MPE/Level 1d6 per (Int Mod Bonus)

Wizards are mages who use magic to provide for themselves and those around them, but retain enough battle-prowess to stand on their own when magic is of no avail. They are feared by most because of their shrewd intellect and various powers, but are not as specialized as Sorcerers, which yields a tad more flexibility to their powers, but robs them of the sheer magical devastation that Sorcerers display in their abilities.

Wizards may specialize in any one school of magic, which gives them more power while sacrificing versatility. To specialize in one school, a wizard must elect to be forever unable to cast spells of its opposing school(s). The benefits of specialization increase as the wizard gains levels as follows:

A wizard on the other hand may elect to be a specialist and thus choose one school to specialize in, and one school to never cast. The wizard then gains a special pool of MFE, separated from his normal MFE.

Mystic Focus: When training, all wizards receive a mystic wand from their mentors. This is a small, slender piece of wood, stone or metal that the mage uses to channel energy, albeit only in small doses. The wizard trains in the use of the wand first, which he can use to cast Cantrips and some (limited) 1<sup>st</sup> degree incantations. Once the wizard successfully masters the use of spells (upon reaching 2<sup>nd</sup> level), he must craft for himself a *staff*.

The staff may be of any material, but should be light and easily portable, as the wizard shall require it to cast most of his spells. When making the staff, the player chooses the materials as he desires, so long as they are reasonable and available to him, r he can afford to purchase them. If he wants to make a diamond-encrusted, solid platinum staff, he has to be able to purchase the supplies.

Furthermore, he must make the staff *himself* alone. No other mage—not even his master—may assist him in this utterly personal task. Thus, the wizard must have the requisite Craft skills to create the staff, which is a DC of at least 20, as tit is very tedious and difficult to carve the ornate designs required to focus his power. The staff

should also have special arcane writings and embedded objects or stones that reflect his chosen specialization.

From then onward, the wizard must carry his staff everywhere he goes, although he may take his old wand for backup, incase his staff is stolen or damaged. It is his focus, and if he attempts to cast a spell without it, he suffers the penalties of *casting without a focus*.

**Specialty MFE Pool:** At 1<sup>st</sup> level and each level thereafter, he gains 1d4 MFE for each +1 bonus of his Reasoning score to his "specialty pool". Thus, a mage with a 16 Reasoning score gains +3d4 at each level. Like normal MFE gains, this is retroactive! If the wizard layer increases his Reasoning score by some permanent means (such as his increase at every 4<sup>th</sup> leve4l, via wishes, or via a magical tome), he adds an additional amount of MFE to this pool to reflect the difference between his old Reasoning score and his present score. See "MFE and Ability Increases" above.

A wizard may select to use the specialty MFE to cast a spell, thus subtracting only from this pool of energy, or use a combination of it with his base MFE (thus adding additional energy from his specialty pool when casting a spell).

For example, if the chosen school is necromancy, and the wizard has 25MP in his main pool, and 10MP in his specialty pool, to cast a spell that requires 30MP, he can use 25MP of his main and 5MP of his specialty, or 20MP of his main plus all (10MP) of the auxiliary pool.

Wizards also gain "prepared spells" as well, with which they choose a select number of spells per day to allocate as "prepared spells" in a matrix of spell energy that surrounds him. A wizard may prepare a number of spell circles equal to his level multiplied by his Reasoning bonus. (e.g. a 3<sup>rd</sup> level wizard with a 14 reasoning may prepare 6 circles of spells). He can prepare any number of spells, so long as the total circles doesn't exceed this total. Thus, with the example above, the wizard could prepare a 5tgh circle and a 1<sup>st</sup> circle spell, or three 2<sup>nd</sup> circle spells, or one 6<sup>th</sup> circle spell, or six 1<sup>st</sup> circle spells and so on.

Prepared Spells use up MFE at the time that they are prepared, **not** when cast. A wizard may maintain prepared spells over any period of time, but he does not regain the MFE he used to prepare them until he releases the energy by finally casting those spells. He may elect to dismiss a prepared spell so that he regains the energy normally, but dismissing it dopes not revert the MFE to him: it simply allows him to regain the energy after he rests and meditates.

When a wizard casts a prepared spell, it takes effect immediately and use no components. In essence, you simply trigger them with a thought. Treat a wizard's prepared spells as swift actions.

When preparing spells, a wizard must spend the actual amount of time normally required to cast the spell in order to add it to his spell matrix. If a spell takes four hours to cast, it also takes four hours to prepare and store in the matrix. Releasing it from the matrix is still a swift action, no matter now long it takes to add it.

A wizard's spell matrix is usually the first thing targeted by a *dispel magic* effect, but it counts as its equivalent in spell circles when determining how many effects *dispel magic* negates.

They do not however trigger quickly enough to count as a "quickened" effect, so a wizard cannot cast more than one prepared spell per round..

(Notes: Wizards have healing spells on their lists, but they are not as powerful as a cleric (smaller dice) and are learned at higher levels.)

(Notes: Perhaps the concept of quickening should be dropped altogether?)

#### 4.1.2 Magician

Magicians are the tinkerers of magic... They don't specialize in any one school or discipline, nor do they gain the vast power-base of a Wizard or Sorcerer. Rather, they dedicate only a part of their life to the pursuit of magic, and much of it towards other skills.

The best way to define a magician is a cross between a wizard and a rogue, as they gain some of the rogue's class features, albeit often for different uses.

Magicians focus purely on their magical abilities and are the weakest of all characters in regards to their abilities in combat. They are often generalist characters and as such are most valuable as assistants to the other party members. They gain the most magical energy, though they are not allowed to specialize in any one school or energy type.

Game Rule Information:

Hit Die: d4
BAB: ½ HD
MPE/Level 1d10 per (Int Mod Bonus)

Game Rule Information:

Hit Die: d6 BAB: ½ HD

MPE/Level 1d4 per (Int Mod Bonus)

#### 4.1.3 Sorcerer

Sorcerers are mages who, instead of specializing in schools of magic, specialize in energy based spells and effects.

Game Rule Information:

Hit Die: d8 BAB: 2/3 HD

MPE/Level 1d8 per (Int Mod Bonus)

Sorcerers choose three elemental types to be able to cast, and two never to be able to cast from and from those that they choose, they automatically gain a spell from each at 1st level, and can progress each elemental type in a chain. For example, a sorcerer needs to know Orb of Fire (lesser), to learn Orb of Fire, and thus needs Orb of Fire to learn Fireball.

When creating a sorcerer, you much choose one of the following energy types:

Fire/Heat, Water/Ice, Air/Electricity, Earth/Acid

Additionally, you must select one of the following: Light or Darkness

Once the choice is made, it can never be altered, as the choice will reflect both the spells and powers that you may gain and use, and the limitations and weaknesses that will be your antithesis.

These are the antitheses:

Fire/Heat vs Water/Ice (primary) Earth/Acid (Secondary)
Water/Ice vs Fire/Hear (Primary) Air/Wind (Secondary)
Air/Electricity vs Earth/Acid (Primary) Water/Ice (Secondary)
Earth/Acid vs Air/Electricity (Primary) Fire/Heat (Secondary)

You can never learn any power that falls under the influence of your primary antitheses, and you will gain weaknesses towards it as you gain levels. Powers that fall under the influence of your secondary antitheses will be more difficult to master and will be case with a diminished effect.

Sorcerers cannot learn divination spells or healing spells. Sorcerer's who chose "Light" may also gain healing magic, but those who select Darkness do not.

(NOTES: Perhaps there should not be secondaries?) No! Secondary powers are gained at level 10.

You will however gain additional abilities and immunities in line with your choice of element, so don't worry: It all balances out in the end.

#### Resistance/Immunity & Weakness table:

	Resistance	Weakness	Bonus
1 <sup>st</sup> :	Prime 1	Energy +1	None
$2^{\text{nd}}$ :	Prime 2	Energy +2	None
$3^{rd}$ :	Prime 3	Energy +3	+1 to DC for Primary
4 <sup>th</sup> :	Prime 4	Energy +4	Sculpt Spell
5 <sup>th</sup> :	Prime 5	Energy +5	None
6 <sup>th</sup> :	Prime 6	Energy +6	+1 to each die for Primary
$7^{\text{th}}$ :	Prime 7	Energy +7	None
8 <sup>th</sup> :	Prime 8	Energy +8	Shape Spell Area
9 <sup>th</sup> :	Prime 9	Energy +9	+2 to DC for Primary
10 <sup>th</sup> :	Prime 10/Sec1	Energy +10	Extended Lifespan
11 <sup>th</sup> :	Prime 11/Sec2	Energy x2	None
12 <sup>th</sup> :	Prime 12/Sec3`		+25% to Primary Variables
13 <sup>th</sup> :	Prime 13/Sec4		None
	Prime 14/Sec5		+1 to DC for Secondary
15 <sup>th</sup> :	Prime 15/Sec6	Shock	Master of the Elements
16 <sup>th</sup> :	Prime 16/Sec7		None
$17^{\text{th}}$ :	Prime 17/Sec8`		+1 to each die for Secondary
18 <sup>th</sup> :	Prime 18/Dec9		Mind over Elements,
			Elemental Form
19 <sup>th</sup> :	Prime 19/Sec 10		+2 to DC for Secondary
$20^{th}$ :	Prime Immune/Sec15	5 Energy x3	Mastery over Life, +50% to
			Prime Variables, +25% to Secondary
			Variables.

#### Spellcasting:

Mystic Focus: A sorcerer requires a focus, as do all arcanists. Unlike the Wizard, who specifically requires a staff, or the Wild Mage who requires a spell sphere, the Sorcerer may use a variety of objects, so long as he properly prepares them and attunes them to his spell chains and elements.

These objects are usually flashy, and must be obvious and strongly presented when casting a spell. The sorcerer's focus is most often an amulet, but may be a ring, tattoo, bejeweled rod, scepter, disc, or other object.

The focus flashes with visible light, often reflecting the specialty of the mage in question. (i.e. Red for sorcerers of fire, white for water, green for earth, blue for air.) The actual colour is up to the purview of the DM, but the player may request something special, if it seems reasonable (e.g. violet).

If he uses an article of jewelry, tit should have a solitary, large jewel that matches his element.

If he uses a tattoo, it should be on his brow, unless his chest is always exposed during Spellcasting. The tattoo may not be on a limb.

All foci are admonished with mystic symbols and designs, which the initiated may recognize with an appropriate Spot skill check followed by a successful Knowledge (Arcana) check.

DC Bonus: At 3<sup>rd</sup> level a Sorcerer adds +1 to DCs for all spells based on his primary element. This increases to +2 at level 9. At 14<sup>th</sup> level, the sorcerer also adds +1 to the DCs for all spells based on his secondary element, which increased to +2 at level 19.

Master of the Elements: The sorcerer is no longer hindered by conditions aligned with his primary affinity. A sorcerer with fire affinity no longer suffers from heat exhaustion and may hold or handle red-hot iron, whereas a mage with ice affinity suffers no hindrance from the cold and may wake on ice as easily as grass.

The following are attributes granted based on each specific energy specialty:

Fire/Heat Ice/Water Electricity/Air Earth/Acid:

Damage Bonus: At 6<sup>th</sup> Level, the sorcerer now adds +1 to each die when dealing damage using his primary element. Thus, for a Fire specialist, a 3d6 fireball becomes 3d6+3. At level 17 he also gains this ability for his secondary specialty.

At 12<sup>th</sup> level and beyond, he also adds an additional +25% to the total damage dealt by a spell of his primary affinity. A 12d6+10 fireball that would normally deal 40 points of fire damage now deals 50! At 20<sup>tgh</sup> level this bonus increases to +50% for his primary affinity and he gains a +25% increase to his secondary affinity.

Elemental Form: At 15<sup>th</sup> level the sorcerer may transform into an elemental with hit dice equal to his own for one round per level. He may use this ability once per day.

Sculpt Spell: At 4<sup>th</sup> level, the sorcerer gains access to the *sculpt spell* feat, but he need not expend additional energy to sculpt spells of his **primary** affinity.

Shape Spell Area: At 8<sup>th</sup> level, the sorcerer may shape his area effects for spells of his primary and secondary affinities. Thus, he can cast a fireball that avoids a specified area (e.g. containing comrades).

Extended Lifespan: The maximum lifespan for the sorcerer doubles at level 10. Adjust his age categories to fit the new maximum. A sorcerer that was middle-aged or older will

become younger because of this, by the power of his will. A sorcerer may elect to maintain his appearance if he desires, but without any negative penalties for age advancement.

Energy Resistance: A sorcerer has energy resistance to his primary energy specialty. At 1<sup>st</sup> level, he gains "Energy Resistance 1" to his chosen element, which increases at each level until finally achieving full immunity to that element at Level 20. Starting at level 10, he also begins gaining energy resistance to his secondary element, starting again with "Energy Resistance 1", which increases at each level in the same manner as his primary did.

Energy Weakness: At the same time, the sorcerer gains a weakness to his antithesis. Starting at 1<sup>st</sup> level, each time the mage is damaged by his antithesis energy type, he takes an additional amount of damage as listed above. At 11<sup>th</sup> level and above he takes the maximum damage bonus (+10) and the base damage is doubled. Thus an 11<sup>th</sup> level sorcerer with weakness to fire who is struck by a 5<sup>th</sup> level fireball (5d6) takes 10d6+10 fire damage. This applies equally to damage from spells (or Psionic powers) as well as damage from naturally occurring events, such as natural fire or frostbite. Being struck by a stone is not an "earth" power, but being burned by acid is.

At level 15 he must make a fortitude save vs. the spell DC of be *shocked*, losing all actions for one round.

At level 20, in addition to the damage bonus, the base damage is tripled. Thus a 5d6 fireball becomes 15d6+10.

Mastery over Life: Upon attaining 20<sup>th</sup> level, the sorcerer may perform an ancient rite (involving a quest). Once he completes this ritual, no longer ages! In effect, he becomes an immortal being (although without any of the other benefits normally associated with immortality). He may assume (as a full-round action) the appearance of himself at any age he desires, and keep that form for as long as he desires. Additionally, he no longer has a maximum age and will continue living until slain.

If the sorcerer fails to complete the ritual, he may not attempt to do so again for another 10 years.

# **Sorcerer Spell Chains**

#### Fire Chains

Fire Spheres Fire Bursts and Blasts Firey Rays & Bolts Manipulation of Heat Fiery Forms

#### **Water Chains**

Ice Rays & Bolts
Ice Spheres & Cones
Water & Ice Blasts
Water Creation & Manipulation
Evacuation of Heat (Cold Spells)

#### **Air Chains**

Electric Spheres Electric Bolts & Blasts Electrical Generation & Power Wind (Gusts & attacks) & Storms Gasses & Breathing

#### **Earth Chains**

Acidic Blasts
Bones of the Earth (Earthen Forms & Changes)
Shaping of Earth & Stone
Stone Spheres & Bolts
Alkaloids & Alkalines (Poisons & Acid Attacks that change something internally to do damage)

#### **Light Chains**

Luminosity Spells (Creation/Generation of Light)
Light Against the Darkness (Light attacks)
Healing Light (Cure/Heal Spells)
Light of Life (Life & Regrowth Spells)
Light of Power (Enhancing Light Spells)

#### **Darkness Chains**

Generation of Darkness
Darkness Against Light (Dark Attacks)
Darkness of Death (Death Spells)
Dark Undead (Undead Creation)
Power of Darkness (Enhancing Darkness Spells) [e.g. Spells that infuse caster with powers of darkness.]

#### Misc. Chains

Freedom & Imprisonment Alterations (Polymorph, Alter Self, etc.) Paths & Doorways Personal Charms (Personal bonus/personal enhancement) Communication

### **Trickery Chains**

Hexes & Curses False Images (Illusions) Personal Illusions Mentalism & Control Over Minds Sleep & Dreams

#### **Demonology**

Monster Summoning
Call to Serve (Calling/Summoning of Daemons/Outsiders)
Speak to the Spirits (Communion)
Binding of Spirits
Control

#### Time & Space

Dimensional Spells Chronomancy Scrye Sight Revisionist Reality Speed & Motion

#### 4.1.4 Alchemist

As "Full metal"

Game Rule Information:

Hit Die: d8 BAB: 2/3 HD

AGE/Level 1d6 per (Int Mod Bonus)

#### 4.1.5 Sage

Sages blend knowledge and magic and share their knowledge and powers with their community.

Sages gain only divination, conjuration and abjuration spells, but gain 1d10 MPE/level and have a d6 hit die. They also gain bardic lore abilities, a +2 bonus to all knowledge skills and have 8 skill points per level.

#### 4.1.6 Wild Mage

## Wild Mage

"Some days, I am my own worst enemy; but who cares."

Master of meddling with magic and pulling pure magical force out of his ass, the Wild Mage is respected as a either pure genius or a total lunatic.

**Adventures:** Wild magi are often on a quest to uncover the secrets of magic its self and to gather a further understanding of how to wield their power. Many of them are crazy power mongers who will stop at nothing to achieve their (often bizarre) goals. Some started study in wizardry or sorcery and discovered the secrets of wild magic, some are

just mishaps of fate that stumbled upon magic in the most happenstance manner possible.

**Characteristics**: Wild magi are quite resilient and lucky: they can often get themselves out of even the tightest situations. Taking that in mind, no two wild magi have the same focus in life. They are usually skilled in an assortment of varied things that most other mages are not. Their ability to pull off stunts of power also attracts attention to them and many of them are quite the attention whores.

**Alignment:** The wild mage is often out for his own end, many times without regard for others. To this end they tend to be Chaotic (CG, CN, CE) but some are also neutral or neutral evil. Lawful wild magi are generally unheard of, though anything is possible.

**Religion:** Wild mages fall into two main categories: Those who are either atheist (possibly believing in themselves more than any higher power) or agnostic, refusing to look to specific gods for guidance. Those who do follow religion usually worship deities with the Magic or Luck domains.

**Races:** Humans, Halflings and Gnomes are commonly found following the practices of wild magic. Some elves also follow this path. Dwarves almost never follow wild magic because of it's non-structured nature.

Other classes: Wild magi get along well with sorcerers, but less so with wizards. Sorcerers understand the transformation of raw power into magic, and wizards spend years learning to do what they do. This basic conflict usually puts them at odds with wizards, sages and other normal prepared casters. Wild magi often can be seen in parties of clerics of a chaotic deity, or a deity of magic. They make good backups in any party, though their awesome ability to fuck up royally can make them the most hated member of any group, at least until they do something insanely cool.

**Role:** Wild Magi make an excellent generalist, with a unique combination of skills that make them equal parts sorcerer, wizard, and shaman. They have excellent (albeit haphazard) spellcasting powers, and effective combat abilities. Their wild casting ability makes them even more useful, in a pinch, so long as the party is ready to deal with the ramifications of twiddling with raw magical energy. Additionally, a wild mage excels at creating comic relief and mayhem wherever he goes. 'Nuff said.

#### **GAME RULE INFORMATION:**

Wild magi have the following statistics:

**Abilities:** Charisma provides the basis for the wild mage's casting ability, while constitution allows him to survive after channeling too much energy or hitting himself with a fireball. Dexterity helps him avoid dire situations, including himself.

**Alignment:** Any **Hit Die:** d6

Class Skills

The wild mage's class skills (and key abilities for each) are: Knowledge [Arcana] (Int),

Overchannel (Con), Spellcraft (Cha†) and any other six. (Select six more skills to add to your class list of skills at time of character creation.)

Skill Points at 1st Level: (4+Intelligence Modifier) x 4 Skill Points at Each Additional Level: 4+Intelligence Modifier

†Charisma determines not only the wild mage's spells per day and maximum spell circle available but also the wild mage's Spellcraft skill modifier because of the way a wild mage works with the magical energy field.

#### **Class Features**

All of the following are class features of the wild mage:

**Spells & MFE:** Wild magi gain 1d6 MFE per level for each point of Influence bonus. Thus, a wild mage with a 14 Influence gains 2d6 MPE per level, and a wild mage with an 18 Influence gains 4d6 MFE per level. A wild mage can know any number of spells and derives spells from the wizard, sorcerer and druid spell lists.

Mystic Affinity: Wild magi gain +1d10 to their Mystic Affinity score per each 4 levels.

**Weapon and Armour Proficiency:** Wild mages are familiar with simple weapons and any two other groups. They are proficient in light armor and carry no penalty or arcane spell failure chance when wearing any armour in the light category as their somatic components are generally simple (similar to those of a bard).

**Bonus starting feat:** Wild magi get one extra feat at first level, which can be either a metamagic or item creation feat.

**Attuned to Magic** (Ex): Wild magi add their Constitution modifier to all Caster level checks to overcome SR and to all Spellcraft checks.

**Wild Magic Slots:** In addition to normal magical slots, wild magi get an additional slot for each circle of spells they can cast. This slot functions as normal, except that instead of preparing spells in it they can use it to cast any spell that is on their spell list (even if they do not know it). To do this the wild mage must roll a spellcraft check with a DC of 15 + spell level. If the check is successful the wild mage can cast the spell. Using a Wild Magic slot is a full round action.

**Bonus Wild Magic Slots:** At 2nd level and every 3 levels thereafter a wild mage gains a bonus Wild Magic slot as outlined on the table below.

**Spell slots:** Optionally, your DM may use spell slots rather than MPE. In this case, a wild mage prepares spells ahead of time (with the exception of his Wild Magic slots using a special orb of metal or crystal each day.

**Magical Reverb** (Su): Every time a wild mage casts a spell, he must roll on the Magical Reverb chart (see below) to determine the possible random effects that apply to his spell.

Note: Magical reverb applies to all spells cast by the wild mage, regardless of what other spellcasting classes he has. Each level, the chance of reverb decreases. At first level, the wild mage has a 33% chance to avoid reverb.

Therefore, when casting a spell you must roll a d100 and if your roll is 30 or less, you avoid the effects of reverb, but if you roll 31 or higher, you must roll from the reverb chart to determine the way the reverb alters your spell. This chance of avoiding reverb increases by 3% per level, thus at level 2 it is 36%, at level 3, 39% and so on to a maximum chance of 90% at Level 20.

**Voluntary Reverb (Su):** You may elect to automatically roll from the chart at any time, and at level 10 and above you may elect to roll additional times as follows:

At level 10, you may elect to roll from the reverb chart, and when doing so roll twice. You choose which of the results to use. At level 15 you may roll three times and choose which result to use, and finally at level 20 you may choose to roll four times and decide which result to use.

	Base	Fort	Ref	Will	
Level	Attack Bonus	Save	Save	Save	Special
1	+0	+2	+2	+0	Wild magic, Attuned
					to Magic, Magical
					Reverb 33%, Bonus
2	4	2	2	0	Feat
2	+1	+3	+3	+0	Bonus 0 Circle Wild
					Slot, Magical Reverb 36%
3	+2	+3	+3	+1	Magical Reverb 39%
4	+3	+4	+4	+1`	Magical Reverb 42%
5	+3	+4	+4	+1	Bonus 1 <sup>st</sup> Circle Wild
					Slot, Magical Reverb
					45%
6	+4	+5	+5	+2	Magical Reverb 48%
7	+5	+5	+5	+2	Magical Reverb 51%
8	+6/+1	+6	+6	+2	Bonus 2 <sup>nd</sup> Circle Wild
					Slot, Magical Reverb
				2	54%
9	+6/+1	+6	+6	+3	Magical Reverb 57%
10	+7/+2	+7	+7	+3	Magical Reverb 60%
					Additional Voluntary
1.1	. 0 / . 2	. 7	. 7	. 2	Reverb Roll (2 rolls)
11	+8/+3	+7	+7	+3	Bonus 3 <sup>rd</sup> Circle Wild
					Slot, Magical Reverb 63%
12	+9/+4	+8	+8	. 4	
13	+9/+4 +9/+4	+8	+8	+4 +4	Magical Reverb 66% Magical Reverb 69%
13	ナ <i>カ</i> / 十 <del>分</del>	+0	+0	++	iviagical Nevelu 09%

14	+10/+5		+9	+9	+4	Bonus 4 <sup>th</sup> Circle Wild Slot, Magical Reverb 72%
15	+11/+6/+1		+9	+9	+5	Magical Reverb 75% Additional Voluntary Reverb Roll (3 rolls)
16	+12/+7/+2	`	+10	+10	+5	Magical Reverb 78%
17	+12/+7/+2		+10	+10	+5	Bonus 5 <sup>th</sup> Circle Wild
						Slot, Magical Reverb
						81%
18	+13/+8/+3	`	+11	+11	+6	Magical Reverb 84%
19	+14/+9/+4		+11	+11	+6	Magical Reverb 87%
20	+15/+10/+5		+12	+12	+6	Bonus 6 <sup>th</sup> Circle Wild
						Slot, Additional
						Voluntary Reverb
						Roll (3 rolls)
						Magical Reverb
						90%

Level	Wild Spells per Day									
	0	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th
1	1	1								
2	2	1								
3	2	1	1							
4	2	1	1							
5	2	2	1	1						
6	2	2	1	1						
7	2	2	1	1	1					
8	3	2	2	1	1					
9	3	2	2	1	1	1				
10	3	2	2	1	1	1				
11	3	3	2	2	1	1	1			
12	3	3	2	2	1	1	1			
13	3	3	3	2	2	1	1	1		
14	4	3	3	2	2	1	1	1		
15	4	3	3	2	2	2	1	1	1	
16	4	3	3	2	2	2	1	1	1	
17	4	4	3	3	2	2	2	1	1	1
18	4	4	4	3	2	2	2	1	1	1
19	4	4	4	3	3	2	2	2	1	1
20	5	4	4	3	3	2	2	2	1	1

## Magical Reverb Table (roll 1d12)

1 Spell effects target or area other than intended (roll 1d4)

- 1 Caster (reroll if already cast as a Personal effect).
- 2 Nearest ally (reroll if already cast on nearest ally).
- 3 Nearest Creature (or object if the original spell was targeting an object) other than intended target. Reroll for area effects).
- 4 Area of same size (standard deviation, 10d6 feet away) Reroll for targeted effects.
- 2 Spell triggers secondary magical effect (Roll 1d6)
  - 1 Somewhat Desirable (roll 1d4)
    - 1 Same effect fires twice at same target or area.
    - 2 Same effect hits secondary target or area of casters choice.
    - 3 Same effect hits random additional (ally if helpful, enemy if harmful) target or area within spells range.
    - 4 Same effect hits random additional target or area of caster's choice up to 30 feet away.
  - 2 Moderately Undesirable (roll 1d6)
    - 1 Effect is up to DM and must be in line with original effect (same school).
    - 2 Effect is up to DM and may be of another school.
    - 3 Effect is up to DM and must be in line with original but must be 1d3-1 levels lower (minimum 0).
    - 4 Effect is up to DM and can be of different school plus must be to 1d3-1 levels lower (minimum 0).
    - 5 Effect is up to DM and must be in line with original effect but must be 1d3-1 levels higher.
    - 6 Effect is up to DM and can be of different school but must be 1d3-1 levels higher.
  - 3 Highly Desirable (roll 1d6)
    - 1 Effect is up to caster and must be in line with original effect (same school) and original spell uses no slot.
    - 2 Effect is up to caster but may be of another school and original spell uses no slot.
    - 3 Effect is up to caster and must be in line with original but may be 1d4 levels higher.
    - 4 Effect is up to caster but can be of different school and may be up to 1d4 levels higher.
    - 5 Effect is up to caster and must be in line with original effect but must be 1d4 levels lower (minimum 0).
    - 6 Effect is up to caster and can be of different school but must be 1d4 levels lower (minimum 0).
  - 4 Moderately Desirable (roll 1d6)
    - 1 Effect is up to caster and must be in line with original effect (same school).
    - 2 Effect is up to caster and may be of another school.
    - 3 Effect is up to caster and must be in line with original but may be 1d3-1 levels higher.
    - 4 Effect is up to caster and can be of different school plus is up to

- 1d3-1 levels higher.
- 5 Effect is up to caster and must be in line with original effect but must be 1d3-1 levels lower (minimum 0).
- 6 Effect is up to caster and can be of different school but must be 1d3-1 levels lower (minimum 0).
- 5 Highly Undesirable
  - 1 Effect is up to DM and must be in line with original effect (same school) and uses an additional spell slot of its level (same level as original effect).
  - 2 Effect is up to DM and may be of another school and uses an additional spell slot of its level (same level as original effect).
  - 3 Effect is up to DM and must be in line with original but must be 1d4 levels lower (min. 0).
  - 4 Effect is up to DM and can be of different school plus must be to 1d4 levels lower (minimum 0).
  - 5 Effect is up to DM and must be in line with original effect but must be 1d4 levels higher.
  - 6 Effect is up to DM and can be of different school but must be 1d4 levels higher.
- 6 Somewhat Undesirable (roll 1d6)

caster level checks for dispelling magic. (Roll 1d8)

- 1 Secondary harmful effect targets caster's ally/allies.
- 2 Effect Targets caster as well instead (if damaging) or opponent (if helpful).
- 3 Same effect hits random additional target or area within spells range.
- 4 Effect targets additional target of DM's choice.
- 3 Spell surges and causes effects of similar spell 1d6 levels higher (Max Epic Seed) 4 Spell caster level and accompanying numeric level dependent effects alter, including
  - 1 Down by 1 caster level.
  - 2 Down by 2 caster levels.
  - 3 Down by 3 caster levels.
  - 4 Down by 4 caster levels.
  - 5 Up by 1 caster level.
  - 6 Up by 2 caster levels.
  - 7 Up by 3 caster levels.
  - 8 Up by 4 caster levels.
- 5 Spells numeric effect is altered (roll 1d4)
  - 1 Down 75%
  - 2 Down 50%
  - 3 Up 50%
  - 4 Up 75%
- 6 Spell fails completely and causes one of the following effects (roll 1d4)
  - 1 Drains two extra spell slots of same level.
  - 2 Drains one extra spell slot of same level.

3 Uses a slot of one level lower than normal. 4 Uses no spell slot. 7 Spell causes random varied fucking weird effects (generally comic relief) with purview belonging to the sadistic sense of humor of the DM. 8 Strange things are afoot (roll 1d4) 1 Spell backfired and causes undesired effect 2 Spell goes off but doesn't begin to take effect for 1d6 rounds 3 Spell begins but doesn't take effect for 1d6 minutes 4 Spell goes off but doesn't begin to take effect for 1d6 hours. 9 Spell functions either drains extra slots or takes less magical levels than normal (roll 1d4) 1 Drains two extra spell slots of same level 2 Drains one extra spell slot of same level 3 Uses a slot of one level lower than normal 4 Uses no spell slot. 10 Spell entropies and causes effects of similar spell 1d6 levels lower (Min. 0) 11 Spell appears to work but doesn't function (Spectacular light show.) 12 Random metamagic feat applies to spell (roll 2d8) 2 Energy substitution (roll 1d8) 1 Fire 2 Ice 3 Electricity 4 Sonic 5 Acid 6 Light 7 Darkness 8 Pure Magical Energy 3 Temporally Accelerated (Spell casts as free action like Quicken; adds [TIME] descriptor to spell) 4 Extended (Doubles spell's duration) 5 Shortened (Halves spell's duration) 6 Enlarged (Double spell's range) 7 Reduced (Halves spell's range) 8 Widen (Double spell's area) 9 Narrowed (Halves spell's area) 10 Energy admixture (roll 1d8) 1 Fire 2 Ice 3 Electricity 4 Sonic 5 Acid 6 Light 7 Darkness

11 Maximized (All numeric variables are max of die; 6d6 = 36, 20d10 =

8 Pure Magical Energy

200, etc.)

- 12 Minimized (All numeric variables are 1; 6d6 = 6, 20d10 = 20, etc.)
- 13 Empowered (Numeric variables/damage/healing +50%)
- 14 Impeded (Numeric variables/damage/healing -50%)
- 15 Enhanced (Maximized and Doubled; ELG)
- 16 Diminished (Minimized and Halved)

# Mystic Engineer (formerly Technomage)

A technomage is the most unconventional of the magic users. They are men of magic who have learned to combine magic with technology. Although the technomage can cast spells, read scrolls, and use magical items as other magic users can, their focus is the creation of magical devices. The wizard who has learned to direct his mystic powers into machines, enabling those devices to do strange and magical things that seem to defy science.

**Adventures:** Technomagi often adventure to gather knowledge of magic and to trade technological wares with other cultures. TDs are very valuable and highly prized indeed.

**Characteristics:** Technomagi design devices (Technomage devices; aka TDs) using magic or psionics. Many of these TDs seem only to emulate magical or psionic abilities, however, they offer several advantages. One advantage is that, unlike a spell that can only be spun by a person by a person knowledgeable in magic, or a power that can only be manifested by a psion, TDs can be utilized by almost anyone. This is a very useful thing indeed, and often it turns out that the technomage is the ultimate companion in any adventuring party.

**Alignment:** Technomagi tend to spend a lot of time in study, and therefore are often lawful. They are, however, also very diverse in their principles, and can be of any alignment.

**Religion:** Technomagi, as mystics often worship Erevystanya (the goddess of magic), Revistas (the god of Psionics), Jk'karr, (the god of craft), Aldus (the god of time and law), and Eru (the great one).

**Races:** Humans, Elves and Gnomes are often the races most dedicated to the creation of the type of apparatus that becomes a TD. Of all the elves, the Noldor are the most likely to take to take to this type of practice. In fact, a good part of the Noldor population are technomagi. The art of technopsionics was devised by the Ancients.

**Other Classes:** A technomage's attitude towards other characters depends greatly on their alignment. They are not very good combatants, but they are exceptionally useful to all other classes, devising both offense and defense technology and assisting other PCs with their problems.

**Role:** A technomage's role can vary dramatically on their field of expertise. A weapons expert may be very useful to a group of fighters, while a systems expert may device vehicles or robots to help the entire party out.

## **GAME RULE INFORMATION**

Technomagi have the following game statistics:

**Abilities:** Intelligence provides the base for almost all of the technomage's skills, followed closely by charisma and wisdom. A technomage is a very mentally involved character and values little in brute force, making strength and constitution nearly meaningless statistics. Dexterity comes into play for many TDs and shouldn't be easily overlooked.

**Alignment:** Any **Hit Die:** d4

## **Class Skills**

The technomage class skills (and the key ability for each skill) are: Analytical Science (any) (Int), Appraise (Int), Concentration (Con), Craft (Int), Disable Device (int):, Knowledge (any) (Int), Profession (Wis), Psicraft [If focus is on psionics] (Int), Spellcraft [if focus is on magic] (int, Use Magical Device (Cha), Use Psionic Device (Cha), Use Technomage Device (Cha), Use Scientific Apparatus (Int).

**Skill Points at 1st Level:** (2 + Int modifier) x 4

**Skill Points at Each Additional Level:** 2 + Int modifier.

### **Class Features**

All of the following are the class features of the technomage.

**Weapon and Armour Proficiency:** Technomagi are proficient with all simple weapons. They are not proficient with any type of armour or shield.

**Specialty:** At 1<sup>st</sup> level, a technomage must decide to choose to focus either on magic or psionics. If Magic is chosen, then a technomage gains spells as if they were a wizard of equal level, if Psionics is chosen the technomage instead gains psionic powers as if they were a psion of equal level. If psionics is chosen, the technomage must choose a discipline, and adds the class skills of that psionic discipline to his class skill list.

Base Attack Bonus and Saves: As Wizard or Psion.

**Feats and Special Class Features**: A technomage gains all the normal feats and class features of a psion or wizard of their level. Familiars or psicrystals gain in power as if the technomage was 1/2 half their actual level.

**Spell or Power Limitation:** A technomage usually focus their powers or spells through TDs. Sometimes the technomage must cast spells or manifest powers normally, without the use of TDs. In this case, the spell or power has all of its variables halved. Durations, damage, caster level, and all other variables are treated as if the technomage was a psion or wizard of half their level.

**Craft TD:** A technomage gains the ability to create items that work like magical or psionic items created by normal wizards or psions. Starting at level 1, and progressing at each 4 levels afterward (5<sup>th</sup>, 9<sup>th</sup>, 13<sup>th</sup>, 17<sup>th</sup>, and 21<sup>st</sup>) a technomage gains the ability to create TDs of different types as follows:

### Advancement of TD creation

1: Craft Technomage Multifunction device (as Universal or Wondrous Item)

5: Craft Technomage Arms and Armour

9: Craft Technomage Apparatus (vehicles, robots, and the like)

13: Craft Greater Technomage Multifunction Device (As craft Epic Universal or Wondrous Item)
17: Craft Greater Technomage Arms and Armour (as Craft Epic Arms and Armour)

21: Craft Greater Technomage Apparatus (starships, stargates, interstellar system networks, etc)

The creation of TDs takes the normal time as a similar item that is made by a psion or wizard, but costs 1.5 times the normal cost of the item in parts and crystals. Unlike normal psionic or magical item creation, there is no XP cost involved in creating TDs. Upon completion, the technomage must invest a number of spell slots or power points equal to the number of total spell slots or power points for each spell or psionic power stored into the TD. For example, a **Thought Enhancer** uses the *Call to Mind* power to function. *Call to Mind* costs 1 power point to manifest, and therefore creating a Thought Enhancer costs one power point to create (and recharge). A technomage may create a TD that carries multiple charges by using the item creation tables in the DMG and applying the item cost variables to the item creation. A Thought Enhancer that has 10 charges stored therefore takes 10 PP to create (and therefore to recharge).

**Powering a TD:** TDs require a supply of power points or spell slots to continue to function. A TD can be used once, and then requires being recharged with power points or spell slots. The amount of power points or spell slots is equal to the number of power points or spell slots to create the item originally, and they must be put back into the item by a psion, spellcaster, or technomage for it to function. TDs that are psionic may be powered by spell slots and visa versa as outlined on the following table.

Spell Slots	Power Points
L1 slot	1
L2 slot	3
L3 slot	5
L4 slot	7
L5 slot	9
L6 slot	11
L7 slot	13
L8 slot	15
L9 slot	17
Epic Slot	Epic Slot

For example, if a psionic TD costs 12 power points to recharge, a spellcaster may use 12 L1 slots, a L7 slot, a L2 and L5 slot, or any combination of slots that equals or exceeds the number of power points needed to recharge the item. A psionic character may activate a magical TD in like respect, using the number of power points equal to the total level of spells used in the creation of that item. An item that used a 3<sup>rd</sup> level spell, a 1<sup>st</sup> level spell, and a 5<sup>th</sup> level spell to create would therefore require 15 power points to recharge (or more, if the item has multiple uses per recharge). Level 0 slots can be used to recharge an item that uses magic, but if used to recharge a psionic TD, they count as 1/2 power point each (thus 4 L0 slots equals 2 PP). Epic slots are always treated as Epic slots, regardless of whether they are psionic or magical in nature.

**Psionic Items that have been Augmented:** A technomage that is dedicated to psionics can create devices that have been set to be pre-augmented. The technomage must supply the additional power points at the time of the item creation and each recharge must supply these additional power points as well.

Non-magic/psionic characters and TDs: About anyone can use a TD, if they know how it works. TDs are like technology; if you know how to use a calculator you can use one. If you've never seen a calculator before, you might have a bit of time figuring it out. Some TDs are totally straightforward. A pistol that shoots lightning bolts is easy enough to understand. A starship, however, is not. TDs usually come with manuals if purchased through the proper channels. Non-magic/psionic characters will have one problem with TDs, however... They need a source of magical or psionic power to recharge them. It is possible to make a battery pack for such items, but even that will eventually run out. (Not to mention being extremely expensive, and very very difficult to make.) This being said, most non-magic/psionic characters in a party rely on mages or psions to recharge their items so they may continue to use them. Making technomage weapons for a fighter, and then recharging them when needed is a good way to make sure everyone is kept happy (and alive).

Priest (Cleric, Paladin, Shaman)

Psychic (Psion, Technopsion, Psychic Intuitive, PsiSoldier)

Adventurer (Bard, Rogue, Diplomat, Swashbuckler)

Wilderness (Ranger, Barbarian, Druid, Survivalist (which is similar to a ranger with more feats, but no spells))

City (Mastercrafter, Scientist, Detective, Politician(or is this a Diplomat class?))

Ranger now gains both arcane and divine spells.

#### Skill Point Based Attack Scores:

Instead of using a Base Attack Bonus (BAB), you may elect to use skill based attacks by forcing characters to put skill points into various attack skills \*listed below). If using this system, disregard the normal amount of skill points that each character should have, and instead give each character 10 skill points + (Int Modifier Bonus) per level. This allows characters to decide where their learning efforts are directed: whether toward weapon or non-weapon proficiencies.

Sorcerer and wiz both gain MP based on dice, e.g. xd6 Mp/lvl. Sorcerer gains twice the amount of MP dice?

FIGHTER becomes a 'Class Group'. Now there are three 'fighter' styled classes, WARRIOR, SOLDIER, and MERCENARY.

New class groups are;

Fighter (Warrior, Soldier, Mercenary)

Mage (Wizard, Sorcerer, Technomage, Wild Mage, Elemental Master)

Priest (Cleric, Paladin, Shaman)

Psychic (Psion, Technopsion, Psychic Intuitive, PsiSoldier)

Adventurer (Bard, Rogue, Diplomat, Swashbuckler)

Wilderness (Ranger, Barbarian, Druid, Survivalist (which is similar to a ranger with more feats, but no spells))

City (Mastercrafter, Scientist, Detective, Politician(or is this a Diplomat class?))

Ranger now gains both arcane and divine spells.

# Section 4.0 "Skills and Languages"

New Skills Assense Overchannel Pilot Arcane Theory Applied Science Nautical Bureaucracy

## **Assense (Intuition) [Trained Only]**

Just as light reflected off objects allows creatures with eyes to see, so does the Magical Energy Field resonate; reflect off of and through objects and places. Those with mystical abilities who are so trained learn to attune their inner-senses to "see" this energy pattern.

Learning to "see" the MEF requires extensive training, and can never be used without the character being taught the proper techniques (unless the mage is a Sorcerer; see below). Worse yet, characters without the ability to cast spells (not including the ability to utilize spell-like abilities) can never do this. To be able to learn the Assense skill, the character must meet the following pre-requisites before taking any ranks in this skill:

# Perception 13+, Ability to cast Cantrips or 1st Level spells, Magical Aptitude 20%+.

Once the character has been trained, which does not require a feat, the character may add ranks in this skill normally. Sorcerer characters may take ranks in Assense at first level, but if they elect not to do so they must seek training to take ranks in it later on. Wizards and other mages may only take ranks if trained and therefore, unless they were fortunate enough to done their apprenticeship under a master with the skill (20% chance), may not take at 1st level, or at any later level it until they are trained in its use. Sorcerers have the upper hand of being more magically attuned and thus have this "second sight" naturally.

## Why is it so difficult to learn to Assense?

Assense is potentially one of the most versatile and powerful skills in the game, at least as a character progresses with it. Not only does it allow a character to "see" the field of magic, potentially replacing spells such as *Detect Magic* entirely, with a high enough check result a character can replicate many divination effects (those with a range of personal or are within the range of the character's ability to use Assense). In addition, a character may be able to see through solid objects, see in total darkness (including some forms of magical darkness), or see the otherwise unseen. Assense is priceless to any person who is blind, has lost his eyes or is otherwise deprived of his normal sight.

A character with the Assense skill may "see" with it at a range equal to 10 feet per 1 point of his check result. Thus, a character with 4 ranks in Assense that has a +3 modifier to his Intuition skill uses the *take-10* action to yield a 17 for his check result. The distance he could use the Assense skill at is 0 to 170 feet.

Optionally, this field of "second sight" may be used at half its normal range **in every direction**. Doing so gives the character the ability to use all-around vision, meaning the character may make an automatic Assense check against sneak-attacks, opposed by the attacker's Bluff skill. If the character's Assense check is higher, the sneak attack does not deal extra damage or catch the mage off guard. Using Assense this way is very disorienting, imposing a -4 penalty to all attacks or other actions.

Characters who are sightless, through *natural* (but not magical) means, or have had their eyes damaged or removed enjoy double the normal range of "second sight" in contrast to their normally-sighted compatriots. These characters learn to use Assense in place of their normal vision, and need not actively concentrate on it to see around them. At first, the vision granted to them is textural only, much like darkvision.

Once the character has 8 or more ranks however, they gain the ability to see in color. Once the character has 15 or more ranks, they may see as though they had *Arcane Sight* active at all times. Sighted characters do not gain these benefits. In addition, non-sighted characters do not become disoriented by using their "second sight" in all directions, effectively giving them the ability to have unilateral vision in a globe equal to their Assense score +10 (*as if always taking-10*) x 10 feet at all times.

Seeing through objects is obviously harder, and severely limits the range of this ability. Consider any character attempting to see "through" an object to have his range of vision decreased by 30 feet for every 6 inches of thickness he attempts to see through.

Thus, Tolko uses his Assense skill to see into a room beyond a one-foot thick stone wall. His Assense skill is +8 (5 ranks and +3 Intuition), and he rolls a 12 on his dice check, resulting in a total DC of 20. Tolko is able to see 120 feet in front of him (200 feet, minus 60 feet for the thickness of the wall).

Metal objects double this penalty, and lead quadruples it, effectively almost entirely blocking it. Thus, if the wall was made of steel Tolko would be able to see 80 feet in front of him (200 feet – 120 feet for the steel wall's thickness); similarly if the wall was lead, Tolko's range of sight would not penetrate it, as the wall would block off the first 240 feet of vision.

Of course, Assense can also reveal objects or metals within the wall, or beneath the surface of an object. You could attempt to see into a chest, or see if there are any interesting foreign objects within a stone surface. Highly detailed discrimination is difficult at best, and in completely solid substances it is only possible to differentiate between materials of widely varying mass. Thus, if Tolko the Dwarven mage uses his Assense skill on the walls of a stone cavern, it may reveal a vein of metal, but not a cache of turquoise. It is also hard to determine exactly what the object or material is except that it has a higher density. Tolko could say with certainty that there is a vein of dense ore in the wall, but not whether it is precious gold or common lead. He could, if skilled highly determine the difference between something as dense as gold or lead and as light as tin or aluminum.

Seeing within a hollow object (like a chest) is easier, though abjuration spells or other magical effects may distort the image. Even something as simple as a *light* spell sheds off enough magical resonance to partially scramble the vision given through the Assense skill. Abjuration spells such as *protection from scrying* work normally, forcing the character utilizing his Assense skill to make whatever save is applicable, if any.

Attempting to see into deep water, such as a lake, imposes a -2 penalty to the Assense score for each foot of depth. The constant swirling waves of particles in the water are very difficult to discern through.

Seeing into the MEF with Assense is much more valuable than seeing who is lurking beyond the wall in the next room, though peeping toms may disagree. The most prized use of this skill is the ability to replicate Divination effects. To replace a divination spell, the character must have twice as many ranks in Assense as the spell's level.

Furthermore, the spell must have an effect that takes place within the character's range of his Assense ability, and the character must make a check. The base DC of the check is 15 + (3/Spell Level). This, to replicate *Detect Undead* with Assense, the DC would be 18, whereas *Detect Magic* has a DC of 15. *Detect Invisibility* and similar effects cannot be directly replicated, but Assense does give a +2 circumstance bonus per 5 points of the check to spot *invisible* creatures, but does not actively reveal them. It is easier to spot them due to distortions in the MEF around them. Thus, an Assense check of 20 would grant a +8 circumstance bonus to spot an *invisible* creature. Invisibility does distort the MEF, but because of the way its energies envelopes around the *invisible* entity, it is still very difficult to spot them.

Furthermore, the spell must have an effect that takes place within the character's range of his Assense ability, and the character must make a check. The base DC of the check is 20 + (Spell Level x 2). This, to replicate *Detect Undead* with Assense, the DC would be 22, whereas *Detect Magic* has a DC of 20.

(Should this be a base DC of 15, + 3/Spell Level instead? This would make relatively low-level effects easy to replicate, such as Detect Magic, but higher level spells almost impossible. DM would have a DC of 15, but Detect Undead would be 18?)

Characters who fail may retry again in 1 minute, but after two consecutive failures in one day it becomes magically fatiguing, and each additional retry cumulatively uses 1MPE. A character trying to *detect magic* may retry twice that day freely, but if he failed both of these attempts, his next attempt costs 1MPE. Is he fails that, the next attempt costs 2MPE, then 4MPE and so on. Of course, this could cost more than casting the spell in question!

Assense can never replicate a spell that has an expensive material component (more than 1GP).

A character that succeeds on his check may continue to use the power as long as he can continue to concentrate. This becomes more difficult each round. The base DC for maintaining concentration is 10. Each additional round the character continues to concentrate on his Assense

check adds +1 to the DC. This, the fourth round of concentration has a DC of 13. This usually doesn't matter very much, unless the mage is trying to scan an entire 50-foot long by 10-foot wide hall for secret doors, which would require him to concentrate for 100 rounds. Of course, he may re-roll his Assense ability for each square, but may suffer penalties for successive failure.

Assense can provide some assistance to identifying spells in place. A character may use an Assense roll along with an appropriate Spellcraft roll to identify a spell in place as if *Detect Magic* is being used. This requires an Assense check DC 15, plus a Spellcraft check of 15+Spell Level to identify the spell's school. If the character can cast this spell, he also knows the spell's effects. Otherwise, to identify the effects requires a Spellcraft DC of 25+Spell Level.

Assense can assist in identifying magical objects, but can never replace the power of the Identify spell, or any similar effect. Using this skill on a magical item will reveal the relative power of the item, plus one of more of the schools of energy infused within it. The base DC for this is 10. For each 5 points exceeded, one school of energy is revealed. This, a +1 magical sword that also shoots fireballs will reveal that it is magical on a DC of 10, that it has *light transmutation* on a DC of 15, and that is has both *light transmutation* and *moderate evocation* properties on a DC of 20. Revealing one function has a DC modifier of +6. This carries a base chance of 50% - 5% of failure per 2 magic user levels. Thus, a 4<sup>th</sup> Level Sorcerer would have a 40% chance of misidentifying the function, but a 12<sup>th</sup> Level Sorcerer would only suffer a 20% chance of failure. A mage who misidentifies a function may retry only once he has attained the next level of experience. Identification of such functions does not reveal the way to activate them or the requisite command word or though, if any. This can be done through separate research.

Thus, with the above example Tolko would know that he is holding a +1 sword that also has some evocation effect on a DC of 26, but on a DC of 32 would know that the evocation effect allows the wielder to cast a 6-die fireball once per day.

It is not possible to replicate a spell that like *True Strike*, which grants an insight bonus with Assense, as such spells grant the caster knowledge of the immediate future. Assense only grants knowledge of the ever-present now.

Assense may replace also line of sight when a character is casting a spell in an area he can't normally see into, such as a darkened room or a room beyond a wall, but **only if the character succeeds at a Concentration check.** The DC for casting a spell while using Assense for this purpose is 20+Spell Level. If the concentration check fails, the spell may fail (80%) or go off in a **visible area** (20%) with standard deviation.

#### Overchannel

Speak Language (Int)

Speak Language is now a skill based on intellect. The complexity of a language and what your total bonus in it determines the difficulty of using it. See the Languages section for Linguistic DCs.

# Fluency table:

Spattering: You understand the basic concept of what is being said/is written. You can say very simple phrases such as "I need help" and "I need food", but more complex communication is almost impossible.

General understanding: General understanding of a language allows you to communicate with most speakers of the language, though many things may not come across very well. You will immediately be recognized as a non-native speaker and many phrases will escape you entirely. With general understanding, you can purchase services, and communicate on a basic level with anyone that speaks the language *well*.

Spoken well: You speak the language very well, and you can understand 99% of what is being said/written, but you still speak with a slight accent. You can do anything that a native speaker of the language can.

Fluent in use: You speak the language fluently. In fact, you speak the language better than most native speakers. You have no noticeable accent (unless you with to display one) to other speakers of the language.

Advanced use: You understand the language at a higher vocabulary than most normal people (at least three times the vocabulary of a native speaker). Complex and scientific terminology is available to you, and your knowledge of vocabulary can be used to better further diplomatic goals; e.g. write contracts or negotiate treaties.

# Language Points

At first level a new character has language points equal to four times its intellect score modifier. Unless it is a class with illiteracy, each new character can choose one language to speak *well* without spending any language points. This is the character's *base language*. Language points in a language related by one step to a character's *base language* can be purchased at half the cost of other language points. For example, if you speak Italian it is easier to learn Spanish than Russian because you already understand a lot of the base of the language you are trying to learn.

Languages spoken across the Zorean Empire

Imperial: Imperial is the trade language of the Empire, and almost everyone speaks at least smatterings of it. It is the national language of Zoria and every Zorian citizen speaks it at least at a basic level of understanding.

#### DCs

- 5 Smattering
- 10 Basic
- 15 Well
- Fluent
- 25 Advanced

Freyr; Freyr is spoken by the people of northern Zoria and the people of southern Qex. It is a slightly harsh language like Nørsk and is somewhat difficult to learn.

**DCs** 

- 10 Smattering
- 15 Basic
- Well
- Fluent
- 30 Advanced

Forstaan; Forstaan is spoken by the people of northern Qex (mostly in Forstaanis) and is a fairly complex language to learn. It is a smooth, musical language resembling in part Eternal and Lena.

**DCs** 

- 12 Smattering
- 18 Basic
- Well
- 30 Fluent
- 36 Advanced

Eldrian; Eldrian is a language once spoken in Zoria and across the Zorean Empire. Its use is antiquated and there are very few speakers of it in the modern world (past era 3). It resembles Zoraec and Eternal. Imperial is a derivative of Eldrian. DCs

- 12 Smattering
- 18 Basic
- Well
- 30 Fluent
- 36 Advanced

Minya (Ancients/The First)

Zo'Ran (Psions of Varia)

Zoraec

High Elven

Grey Elven

Wood Elven

Sea Elven

Dwarven (each clan has a slightly different language, adjust DCs by +5 for off clan languages)

Touchspeak (for trade)

Sign

Durroweth (Drow)

Mardë (For Mardean continent; plus sub-languages)

Sepvu (For Sepvtaria continent; plus sub-languages)

Forthank (For Forthanyx continent; plus sub-languages)

# Divine Languages

Halmo; Halmo is the language of good, light and music. It is spoken in the upper planes and by clerics of good deities. It traces its origins back to the god Haldor and is spoken by his people.

**DCs** 

- 10 Smattering
- 15 Basic
- Well
- 25 Fluent
- 30 Advanced

Avanno; Avanno is the language of creation, truth and brotherhood. It is jolly in sound, and strong of tone and inflexion. None who hear Avanno can ignore its persuasive voice and its moving melodies, though those of truly evil mindset usually find it distasteful. Avanno is the creation of Jh'karr, and many of the followers of Jh'karr speak it as well.

**DCs** 

- 10 Smattering
- 15 Basic
- Well
- 25 Fluent
- 30 Advanced

Rhonian: Rhonian is the language of freedom and righteousness. It is vibrant and bright, yet strong and undeniable. The tone of Rhonian is ever-changing and can go from lighthearted and joyous to strong and stern in mid sentence, which is both bewildering to those who are not fluent in its use, and a greater part of its charm. Rhonian is the creation of Omande, and many of the followers of Omande speak it as well.

**DCs** 

- 10 Smattering
- 15 Basic
- Well

- Fluent
- 30 Advanced

Alian; Alian is the language of machines, inevitable, and other intelligent constructs (and other axiomatic creatures). It is the language of structure, law and time, created by and spoken by the god Aldus and his followers. Alian is the language of supreme structure and is very difficult to learn properly: only those who truly dedicate themselves to the task will ever completely master it.

#### **DCs**

- 15 Smattering
- 20 Basic
- Well
- 30 Fluent
- 40 Advanced

Lena; Lena is the language of chaos, anarchy and luck. It is a fair, flowing and every changing series of tones and words; strung together like those of a small child trying to imitate his father. Invented by Levian, it follows very few patterns and is fairly easy to learn, though smatterings are useless because of its basic foundation of undetermined structure (or lack thereof). There are very few *advanced* speakers of Lena: once one reaches the highest level of understanding of the vocabulary, he tends to find out that the words make very little sense whatsoever. Lucky charms are often etched with words in Lena.

#### **DCs**

- Smattering
- 10 Basic
- Well
- 20 Fluent
- 30 Advanced

Toronian; Toronian is the language of devils and other dwellers of hell. It is the language of terror and pain. The spoken form of Toronian is shrill and harsh of tone, demanding (yet respectful) in its very essence. Weldankh created Toronian for his outsiders to speak, and his followers have taken to it as well. While no more difficult than Avanno to learn, Toronian does not see as widespread a usage base.

## **DCs**

- 10 Smattering
- 15 Basic
- Well
- 25 Fluent
- 30 Advanced

Separat: Seperat is similar to Toronian in sound, but is much louder, bolder and dark of tone. It is the language created by Keldor and its vocabulary utterly lacks words that describe creation, love, peace, or kindness. However, it is said that

there are over ten thousand different words to describe pain, and as many defining ways to destroy. In fact, it is so utterly evil in nature that it can make even the most generally normal person crack just to attempt to decipher. Because Seperat is a very difficult language for the sane to learn, *PCs with a Madness bonus may apply it to their Language (Separat) modifier*.

DCs
15 Smattering
20 Basic
25 Well
30 Fluent
40 Advanced

Felosian; Felosian is, as its name reflects, the language crafted by goddess of vanity, Felosa. Being the language of vanity, beauty and evil, Felosian is by far the most intoxicating spoken language, though it expresses its beauty with bold tones that overpower rather than mingle, and subdue rather than coexist. Felosian is similar to Halmo, but instead of slow, sweet melodies of sound it is overbearing and borderline obnoxious strings of enchanting sounds and profound words that border on the operatic, which serve to bewilder with their intricate beauties. Felosian is fairly taxing to learn, but not much more than Halmo. Shockingly, when the words of Halmo and Felosian are intermixed, they form melodies that resemble the Songs of Creation.

DCs
10 Smattering
15 Basic
20 Well
25 Fluent
35 Advanced

Eternal; Eternal is the language of life and death; birth and rebirth. It is slow, with low notes of the purest sadness, and triumphant so potent of joy and life that they cannot help but move even coldest heart. Eternal is the language of everlasting cycles of life and death, created by Balda so that all deities would have a neutral ground on which to communicate. Mere mortals have a difficult time learning Eternal, and its use is *very* rare indeed. Those that do gain a new respect for life, and for death; realizing that both are necessary parts of a balance of the whole, and inseparable from each other.

DCS	
20	Smattering
25	Basic
30	Well
40	Fluent
50	Advanced

Draak (ascended Dragons)

Draak is to Ascended Dragons what Eternal is to the Gods. It is a neutral ground on which they can communicate without misunderstandings or misinterpretations. Being a dragon invented language, it is difficult for Human, and Humanoid races to learn, but normal, un-ascended dragons pick it up easily enough. Draak has also been noted as the predecessor to Drakon, and not the other way around, and is used on the higher planes as the primary Draconic tongue because of its age and diversity in vocabulary.

When asked by those who encounter them, 'Is Draak the elder Draconic language?", dragons often reply along these lines: "Who can determine whether one was spoken before the other, that cannot see the uttermost beginnings of time, or unravel the mysteries of the first, or look beyond the furthermost endings of the universe? We, the long blooded can only surely say that it is ancient, and is spoken well by our kind, and was, if not invented by dragons, devised for us by one who knows us more truly than we know ourselves."

This is, of course the long-winded nature of Dragons, and one should never pose them a question if they do not have the patience to listen to the entire answer in full detail. To do so is considered very rude, and often results in a bold adventurer meeting the inner digestive system of even the (normally) most friendly dragon.

In any case, Draak is exceptionally difficult for Humanoids to learn, as it is devised for a serpentine tongue, though the closely dragon blooded get an easier time with it. Smatterings are totally useless as well, for no-one who speaks Draak will reply to another who speaks it in a broken fashion.

DCs

Smattering

30 Basic

40 Well

50 Fluent

60 Advanced

### Deci

Deci is a language of pure thought and mathematical logic. Even the Gods do not make common use of it, though it is assumed that (at least) Aldus can speak it. Deci is spoken by the Great Old Ones, by the Four Deific Makers, and by the High One, Uloro himself. Though not impossible for a mortal or lesser deity to learn (or speak) Deci, it is highly impractical and only very powerful mortals could ever achieve even its most basic usage.

To use Deci, one must possess a Reasoning score of 50 or greater, a Psychic Aptitude of 90% or greater, and an Intuition of 30 or greater.

DCs

Smattering

Basic
Well
Fluent
Advanced

Sono (Deities with the music domain, very high level bards)

# Arcane Languages

Evarost (Language of magic and wizardry)

Evarost is used by arcane masters, and students of both wizardry and sorcery alike. It is a complex, orderly and precise language, which makes use of many of the virtues of Drakon, Eternal, and Words of Power. Evarost is, in some ways, a mingling Words of Power and the Draconic languages, weaving them together in a way that they can be written as spells in books and scrolls containing both mundane and magical writings as one flowing text.

Despite its seeming complexity, Evarost is nowhere near as tricky to learn as its parent languages (as it has been adapted for humanoid use), and it can be used (without using Words of power, of course) to speak and communicate on a day to day basis, and is used in this manner by some cities as a prime language.

DCs 15 Smattering 20 Basic

Well

30 Fluent

40 Advanced

Sigilia (Language of Rune magic)

Geom (language of magical mathematics)

Drakon (Draconic, language of sorcery)

Alchemical (Language of Alchemy)

Languages of Zoria

#### Section 6.0 "Feats"

Feats:

# **Insightful strike:**

Requirements: Reasoning 13+; Knowledge (Anatomy) 4 Ranks or First Aid 6 Ranks.

Your knowledge of living organisims has taught you what spots to hit for the best possible damage. Add your REASONING modifier to melee damage rolls instead of MUSCLE.

# **Perceptive Combat**

Requirements: Perception (Intuition) 13+; Spot 5 Ranks; Base Attack bonus +2 or Melee Attack Skill at 5 Ranks or Ranged Attack Skill at 5 Ranks.

When choosing this feat, select whether it applies to Melee or Ranged Attacks. You have learned to plan decisive attacks, striking at an enemy's weak spots in the heat of battle.

Use your PERCEPTION modifier on your attack rolls in place of MUSCLE or AIM.

You may select this feat multiple times. Each time you do, you may select a different type of combat, or a different combat skill to apply it to such as Ranged, Melee, or Touch.

You may not use this feat to make point blank shots as your degree of perceivable areas is lessened to far to make proper use of it.

## **Intelligent Shot (Ranged)** (Race dependant):

Requirements: Knowledge Anatomy 3 Ranks, or First Aid 5 Ranks, or Favored Enemy (Race); Base attack Bonus +1.

With your extensive knowledge of a specific race's anatomy, you have learned how to place shots more effectively and know how to do the most damage.

Choose a race (Human, Elf, Dwarf, Orc, etc.) Add your Reasoning bonus to all damage rolls on ranged shots made against the selected race, except point blank shots.

Lingering Focus (metapsionic)

Your Psionic Focus lasts longer than normal. Now, you may use two abilities that expend your Psionic focus before you must regain it.

# Section 10.0 "Spellcasting & Psionics"

Spellcasting
Spell Schools, Descriptors and Aura Colours
Words of Power: Somatic Components
Spells

Bard Spells Blackguard Spells Clerical Spells

Clerical Domains

Dark Powers Spells Druidic Spells

Mage Spells

Arcane Domains Sorcerer Specific Spells Wizard Specific Spells

True Magic (Epic Level Magic)
True Magic Seeds and Powers

## **Spell Schools and Aura Colours:**

The following are the spell schools used in the Zoria game. Their respective aura colors are what a mage would see when using the *Assence* skill.

### **School Colours:**

```
Universal – Clear
Conjuration – Blue
       (Healing) – Very Light Blue
       (Creation) – Deep Blue
       (Summoning) – Dark Blue
       (Teleportation) – Sky Blue
       (Time) - Royal Blue
Evocation - Red
Transmutation – Orange
       (Teleportation) – Golden orange
Abjuration – Yellow
Necromancy - Violet
Illusion – Teal
       (Glamer) – Teal
       (Phantasm) – Grey-teal
       (Figment) – Light Teal
       (Pattern) – Blue-Green
       (Shadow) – Dark Teal
Divination – Green
       (Scrying) – Light Green
```

```
Enchantment – Indigo
(Compulsion) – Dark Indigo
(Charm) – Light Indigo
```

### **Descriptor Colours:**

[Good] – White splotches [Evil] – Black splotches [Lawful] – Blue splotches [Chaotic] – Yellow splotches

[Fire] – Ruby Red Sparkles [Electricity] – Yellow sparkles [Acid] – Green sparkles [Sonic] – Purple sparkles [Cold] – Blue sparkles

[Water] – Blue wavering streaks [Air] – light blue wavering streaks [Earth] – green wavering streaks [Fire] – Ruby Red wavering streaks

[Force] – Silver sparkles
[Time] – Golden sparkles
[Fear] – Grey sparkles
[Death] – Dark Grey splotches
[Light] – White sparkles
[Darkness] – Black wavering streaks
[Shadow] – Grey wavering streaks
[Mind Effecting] – Green splotches
[Lang. Dependant] – Teal splotches

## **Words of Power: Somatic Components**

When casting a spell, a mage uses words of power; immensely powerful sonic keys that affect the fluid nature of the Magical Energy Field (MEF) to create a desired effect. These words are the basis of magic, and possess both a spoken (verbal) and mental component. Talented mages learn to utilize only the mental component over time.

The following is a list of the basic building blocks for Words of Power, and some examples:

Ulo (Universal) – Clear

Uma – [Good] – White splotches
Felso – [Evil] – Black splotches
Alna – [Lawful]– Blue splotches
Levnath - [Chaotic]– yellow splotches

Saelo [Fire] – Ruby Red Sparkles

Tzo [Electricity] – Yellow sparkles

Kubol [Acid] – Green sparkles

Aabasa [Sonic] – Purple sparkles

Qexi [Cold] - Blue sparkles

Kara [Force] – Silver sparkles

Aldoze [Time] – Golden sparkles

Svao [Fear] – Grey sparkles

Namo – [Mind Effecting] – Green splotches

Balo – [Death] – Dark grey splotches

Vaso – [Lang. Dependant] – teal splotches

Galo – [Light] – White sparkles

Yees – [Water] – Blue wavering streaks

Ano – [Air] – light blue wavering streaks

Merkath – [Earth] – green wavering streaks

Thyn – [Darkness] Black wavering streaks

# Umi/Umin (Conj) - Blue

Y'va (Healing) Very Light Blue

Jhanto (Creation) – Deep Blue

Eni (Summoning) – Dark Blue

Qevo (Teleportation) – Sky Blue

Aldoz (Time) – Royal Blue

## Obix (Evoc) – Red

Vau-Nai (Trans) – Orange

Qevo (Teleportation) – Golden orange

[Air] – Lt Blue Sparkles

Eto/Etos (Abj) - Yellow

Moro (Necr) - Violet

Septo (Illus) - Teal

Quel (Glamer) Teal

Ago (Phantasm) Greyish teal

Teek (Figment) light teal

Thalta (Pattern) – blue green

Netu – [Shadow] – dark teal

Kel/Callo (Div) – Green

Halne (Scrying) – Light Green

Vasto (Enchantment) – Indigo

Naas (Compulsion) – Dark Indigo

Plaani (Charm) Light Indigo

Ray Frost – Umin Abo Abad Feh Mage Hand – Vau-nai Epe'erevo Acid Splash – Umi Abo Aalos Shocking Grasp – Umi Abo Le-o Ameer Talons of Saeros – Vau-Nai Delo Detect Humans – Kel'Pelios Mending – Vau-Nai ekos

-1-

Magic Missile – Obix Ovo Anos
Open/Close – Vau-Nai Kobo Yx/Zei
Ray of Enfeeblement – Moro Umial Vaagar
Summon I – Umin concor'u
Mage Armour – Eto-Nai vo'ereva
Magic Weapon – Vau-Nai jes'erevos
Enlarge Person – Vau-Nai pel'im-naz
True Strike – Kallo ne'jhekva

-2-

Scorching Ray – Obix Gala'zo Avados

Unnerving Gaze – Septo Ago Vaih'nees

Weakening – Moro Vy'agara

Blindness - Moro ekir eleth, seipho

Summon II – Umin concur desedal

Claws of Saeros – Vau-Nai del'vo tas'nyn

From the Heart and From the Mind(convert scroll ⇔ Spell Stone) –

Vau-Nai Erevyx'a levnan

Knock – Vau-Nai kobo queva Invisibility – Septo kas vo'haeldedu Shatter – Obix keloz to'domazé

-3-

Burn No More (Resist Mage Burn) (13) – Etos Ko'hale Ere'umanesa

Healing Touch – Moro Y'va lo Haleoz z'uma
Dispel - Etos queloz erev
Summon III – Umi concur'el vyx
Arcane sight – Callo sepio erva'do (erva'hal)
The Emporer's Touch – Vau-Nai y'vono zanaz
Strengthening – Vau-Nai vy'Jhekano
Keen Edge – Vau-Nai Jes'luré nen'anos
Crystalline Chamber – Obyx talyx dín vo'netroz
Lightning Bolt – Obix t'zef voz'ameer
Freedom from Pain - Vasto umano do'yeo

-5-

-6-

-7-

-8-

-9-

Summon IV- Umin concur ez'kal kvez Greater Claws of Saeros - Vau-Nai del'erevo tas'zana Form of Fire - Vau-Nai konoz vo'noro saeloz Polymorph - Vau-Nai deldenu queza e'toz Scrying - Callo hal'noz imazo

Summon V – Umin concur venu'a Vitalization – Vau-Nai vy'jhekano imanyx Teleport – Umin La'nayos dedu vas'amor

Summon VI – Umin concur uus veku

Summin VII – Umin concur'to lemane tal Limited Wish - Ulo erevo imanyx erkyr

Summon VIII - Umin ulios concur tamo aho

Summon IX -

Umin concur taeloz tae'vano mar'ta nu

*Temporal Repair* – Vau-Nai aldoze metriux kuru tos'liquia

*Wish* – Ulo erevo imanyx tau erkyr peloz **Uravvel, Unwind, Unmake** 

-10-

Summon X –

Umin concur xeio mano'tes aba vo'naz tiol

Notes on pronunciation:

Vowels:

A: as A in Normal (Ah sound)

E: as E in Beg

É: Pronounced Long and Short, long first; "EE-Eh"

Ë: Pronounced Short and Long, Short first: "Eh-EE"

I: long E sound, like the Latin I if in first syllable or if followed by a u, short like I in Tin in latter syllables. .

Í: Means to treat next I as long E sound instead of short: Mítrius=Mee'tree'us

O: Always hard, like O in Omega.

Obix obix anos, Oh-bicks, Oh-bixks, Ah'nohs

Ö: Guttural O. Halfway between Oh and Ugh.

U: Long U, like "oo" in too.

Û; Resonating U, like U-Turn.

Ai: as I in Kite Ae: like A in Ate,

Y: as old English "Ye".

Au: Like "Ow"

Double vowels: Voiced twice.

## Consonants:

B: as B in Boy

C: Always hard, like C in Coal

D: as D in Dog

F as F in Fig

G as G in Gold

H as H in Halo

J: as J in Jest

Jh: Pronounced in one sound, guttural.

K: Guttural, like C in Crash

KV: Pronounced as two separate sounds, KVEZ= Keh'Vez

L: as L in Latin

M: as M in Mermaid

N: as N in No

P: as P in Power

Q: always as KW sound. Does not need a U following. QU is KWOO.

R: as R is Rain

S: as S in Sam

Sh: As Shore

T as T in Tang

V: as V in Victory

W: as W in Weld

X: Bussing X, always like KS, never like Z, even as leading letter, thus Xiva=KZEEVAH

Z: like Z in Zero

Zh; Like Sh (or Jh), but with buzzing Z sound dominant.

Double consonants, e.g. LL are elongated resonating sounds; said almost twice. Callo= CAL LOW

# Examples:

Xeio, Kx'eh'ee'oh Tuus: Two, oohs. Queza: Kwoo'eh'za

## Syllable Stress:

Stress is always on the second syllable in three or more syllable words, but on the first in words with two syllables.

Pauses: an apostrophe indicates pause in pronunciation: Y'Vos = Ye (pause) vohs. T'Zyef = Teh (pause) Z'Ye'ef.

No one learns to cast spells in a day. Learning to use Words of Power takes time, and practice. Don't worry about saying it wrong in the beginning, and take your time. Your DM may call (preferred) for you to say verbal components aloud. Pronouncing somatics on simpler spells yields a lower chance of failure than more powerful effects, so learn the language as your character progresses in level. Don't be afraid to mispronounce words intentionally at lower levels on spells beyond your reach, for it adds to character flavor and the role-playing experience.

# **Clerical Spells**

#### **Clerical Domains**

#### **Secrets Domain**

Domain Power: Choose any one knowledge skill. This skill is always a class skill for you and you gain a +2 divine bonus to the use of the chosen skill. Gain a *secret* from the Secrets list at levels 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17 and 19. Secrets are chosen from the same list as Loremaster.

# Secrets Domain Spell List:

- 1: Message
- 2: Conceal Thoughts
- 3: Deeper Darkness
- 4: Discern Lies
- 5: Mordenkainen's Private Sanctum
- 6: Analyze Dweomer
- 7: Veil
- 8: Vision
- 9: Metafaculty (PsiHB)

New Clerical Spells

New Druid Spells

New Paladin Spells

New Ranger Spells

New Sorcerer/Wizard Spells

Full Spell list (presently absent as it is incomplete)

#### **Psionics**

10.1.2.1

## **Saving against Psionic Powers**

Unlike spells, saving throws for Psionic powers are not static. Whereas a spell always has a saving throw of 10+Spell Degree + Key Ability + ½ Caster Level, a Psionic power has a variable saving throw.

When a psionic character manifests a power that allows a saving throw, the DC is determined by a *manifestation roll* as follows:

1d20 + Power Degree + Relevant Ability Modifier + ½ Manifester Level (rounded down)

Thus, psionic powers gain a DC much more like a form of attack than a spell.

Creatures with Psionic Abilities (such as some Mind Flayers) use ½ of their hit dice to determine manifester level.

For example, Ulo, a 5<sup>th</sup> level Psionicist is manifests *Mind Thrust*, a 1<sup>st</sup> Degree power of the Telepathy discipline. To set the DC for his opponent's Will Save, he rolls a D20.

Ulo rolls a 13, this making the DC 18: 13 (roll) + 1 (Power Degree) + 2 (Influence 14) + 2 (Level 5/2=2.5, rounded down to 2) = 18

If Ulo rolled a 3 instead of a 13, the DC would be 8!

Some powers may be *augmented*, further increasing their DC. This increase acts as a bonus to the psionicist's manifestation roll:

In the case of *Mind Thrust*, Ulo could also augment the power by up to 5 PPE. For each PPE he adds, the power deals an additional die of damage, and for each two additional dice of damage the power gains a +1 bonus to its DC. Thus, if Ulo manifested the power at its maximum potential, spending all 5 extra PPE it would deal 6d10 damage with a +2 bonus to the DC.

Therefore, in the case of manifesting this power at its maximum potential, the DC would raise by 2 points, making Ulo's roll of 13 set the DC to 20.

13 (roll) + 1 (power degree) + 2 (Influence 14) + 2 (level 5/2=2.5 rounded down to 2) + 2 (augmentation) = 20.

Powers that do not require a save are resolved in other methods as noted in the power description.

New Psionic Powers New Psionic Disciplines (For PB, Soul, Sanity0 Soulcasting

# 12.0 Locations

12.1 Merkano (The Prime Plane) 12.1.1 Galaxies & Solar Systems

> 12.1.2 Planets Merlankh

12.2

12.3

# 14.0 Divinity

14.214.3

# 14.1 Divine Rank

# 14.1.1 Tiers of Divinity

Just as there are more and less powerful mortals, not to mention other creatures of all shapes and sizes, so too are deities ranked by their stature. Unlike their mortal cousins, divine power is not so subtly arranged by how well known a power is, but rather by their age, number or worshipers, level of control and how they came into being.

14.1.2 New Tiers of Over Deities				
14.1.2.1 New Tiers of	Creatrix			
14.1.2.1	Lesser Regent			
14.1.2.3	e			
	Regent			
14.1.2.4	Greater Regent			
14.1.2.5	Lesser Designate			
14.1.2.6	Designate			
14.1.2.7	Greater Designate			
14.1.2.8	Imandi			
New Salient Abilities				
Divinity in Zoria				
14.3.1 Immortals				
14.3.1.1	Sol			
14.3.1.2				
14.3.2 Demi-Deities				
14.3.2.1	Gil-Ranis (CG; Rogues, Agility, Dueling)			
14.3.2.2	Amara (Psionics, Secrets, Prophesy)			
14.3.2.3	Vyre Sa'Karu (Fate, Learning, Undead)			
14.3.3 Lesser Deities	(move all to intermediate)			
14.3.3.1	T'Zyef (Storms, Weather, Rain, Thunder)			
14.3.3.2	Thyn'ghöz (Darkness, Drow, Underworld)			
14.3.3.3	Calmenos (Murder, Illusion, Vengeance)			

# 14.3.4 Intermediate Deities

Animals)

14.3.3.4 14.3.3.5

14.3.3.6

14.3.4.1	Keldor (Destruction, War, Ugliness, Disease)
14.3.4.2	Jh'Karr (Crafts, Artisans, Smiths, Creation, Dwarves)
14.3.4.3	Quvax (Roads, Home, Travel, Exploration)
14.3.4.4	N'Tra (Undead, Pain, Hate, Spiders)
14.3.4.5	Omande (Brawling, Cities, Protection, Humor)
14.3.4.6	Umande (Mercy, Passion, Endurance, Healing)
14.3.4.7	Revistas (Psionics, Gem cutting, Cats, Communication)

Selmenos (Slaughter, Demons, Massacres)

Delde (Woodlands, Flora and Fauna, Trees, Nature,

Yea've (Fertility, Childbirth, Life)

- 14.3.4.8 Hvylaxta (Truth, Balance, Chivalry, Honesty, Civilizations)
- 14.3.4.9 Weldankh (Killing, Pain, Conquest, Suffering)

### 14.3.5 Greater Deities

- 14.3.5.1 Aldus (Time, Law, Discipline, Planning, Honor, Fate, Learning, Commerce, Supreme, Judgment)
- 14.3.5.2 Balda (Life, Death, Birth, Watchfulness, Rebirth, Secrets)
- 14.3.5.3 Felosa (Beauty, Evil, Vanity, Women, Supreme, Hate)
- 14.3.5.4 Erevystanya (Arcane Knowledge, Magic, Dragons, Twilight, Intrigue)
- 14.3.5.5 Galda (Light, Elements, Fire, Desert Storms, Seasons, Sun)
- 14.3.5.6 Haldor (Knowledge, Prophesy, Foresight, Common Sense, Good, Wisdom)
- 14.3.5.7 Levian (Chaos, Trickery, Gambling, Illusion, Pranksters, Wealth)
- 14.3.5.8 Xy'va (Dreams, Sleep, Love, Wit, Mirth, Music)
- 14.3.6 Over Deities
  - 14.3.6.1 Merlankh Talyxiux (Courage, Civilization, Family, Fathers, Freedom, Retribution, Loyalty, Balance)
- 14.3.7 True Deities
- 14.3.8

### Aldus

Aldus is the god of Time and Fate. He is one of the most powerful deities who guides the fates of the universe and controls the flow of time. He is a Lawful Neutral deity. His symbol is a Crosshatch with two bars crossing it with circles on the ends of the bars. His appearance is described as a tall man, with either very pale or bluish skin, silver hair and robes that are golden shimmering in different colours and stars. He has black eyes, supposedly with starfields in them. According to your research in ancient records written in Eldrian, he is supposed to have a wife known as Xy'va. His favoured weapons are the staff, the scythe, and the mind. His domains are Time, Knowledge, Law, Fate, Planning, and Heraldry.

#### Balda

Balda is the god of Death and Life unending. He is also one of the greatest in power, but he is one of the least in action with the world as it is. He is a completely Neutral deity, and has few followers. His symbol is a set of crossing curved blades (white and black). He is supposed to be very pale, with white eyes and black hair, wearing black robes trimmed in silver and carrying a black staff with black and white curved blades at the top. His favoured weapons are the scythe, the sickle and the spear. His domains are Death, Life, Endurance, Repose, Magic, and Knowledge.

#### Calmenos

Calmenos is the god of Murder. He is a Lawful Evil god with followers in secret cults. His symbol is two half circles crossing over each other in mockery of Balda. He has ruddy skin and black

hair and supposedly wears burgundy robes. He is the son of Felosa and Jh'karr. His favoured weapons are the dagger and the greataxe. His domains are: Diabolic, Greed, Darkness, and Cold.

### Delde

Delde is the goddess of nature and the natural world. She is a Chaotic Good deity, and she is called the Queen of the Fey as she is the creator of the Entish races as well as other plants and creatures both great and small. Her follows include many of the druidic factions and rangers as well as other nature lovers. Her symbol is a run rising behind a hill. She has brown hair and emerald green eyes with human tone skin (colour type depends on her mood), wearing robes of earth tones and greens. She is the Partner of Jh'Karr in the creation of the world and is envied by Felosa and N'Tra. Her domains are Fey, Plant, Earth, and Animal.

# Everystana

Erevystanya is the goddess of magic and knowledge. She is a completely Neutral deity and is called the Queen of Dragons as she is credited with their creation. Her followers are usually great scholars and great wizards and sorcerers. Her symbol is a circle with a line dividing it through it's center, forming a horizon with rays of light beneath, and stars of twilight above. She had long whit or black hair (depending on mood) which always flickers with small starlight speckles, ivory skin and vibrant violet eyes. She wears black robes that shimmer with every colour. Her favoured weapons are the mind, and the staff. Her domains are: Magic, Knowledge, Summoner, Draconic, Rune, and Mysticism.

### Felosa

Felosa is the goddess of evil and vanity. She is Neutral Evil. She was once the wife of Jh'Karr according to ancient records written in Eldrian. She is credited with bringing great beauty into the world, but when she could not possess all of what she had made, in her wrath she tried to destroy it. According to legend, one of her sons sacrificed himself to protect the world and afterwards she could no longer destroy it (as it then had a life force of its own) but she could still mar and defile it which she has continued to do ever after. Her symbol is a small circle in dark violet on black. Her favoured weapon is anything painful, and her domains are Evil, Pain, Corruption, Bestial, Domination, and Tyranny.

# Galda

Galda is the goddess of light and elements. Her symbol is a rising sun across the horizon. She is a Neutral deity, supposedly composed of radiant energy. Her favoured weapons are magical energy based, and any weapon with energy based abilities. Her domains are Earth, Fire, Water, Air, Cold and Sun.

#### Haldor

Haldor is the god of Knowledge and understanding. He is a Neutral Good deity that appears as tall man with dark hair down to his waist, shimmering blue eyes with clouds in them, with scholars' clothes in gold with shimmering colours in them. He has a staff of silver with a crystal globe at the very top. He is the husband of umande according to ancient records in Eldrian. His favoured weapons are the staff and knowledge. His symbol is en eye looking downwards and his domains are Knowledge, Protection, Community, Good, Oracle and Mind.

# Jh'karr

Jh'Karr is the god of creation. He is the master smith of the gods and the shaper of the world. His symbol is a dagger, and he is also the god of righteousness. He is a Lawful Good deity, appearing as a strong man with a russet complexion, sandy brown hair, blue eyes, wearing bright armour. His favoured weapons are the longsword and the bastard sword. According to records in Eldrian, he was the husband of Felosa, but when she tried to destroy the world he left her for Delde. His domains are Creation, Endurance, Artifice, and Competition.

### Keldor

Keldor is the god of destruction. He is a Chaotic Evil deity with white hair, black skin and red eyes wearing robes or pure red that drip blood. His symbol is a red, twisted, trident of pain on black. His favored weapons are the flair, the trident, and the Ranseur. His domains are War, Demonic, Bestial, and Pestilence.

### Levian

Levian is the goddess of chaos. She is a Chaotic Neutral deity that appears most commonly as a female of striking beauty, though she is known to take many other forms according to records written in Eldrian. Her symbol is a sphere with lightning in many colours (energy) bursting out of it. Her favoured weapons are anything that works best, and her domains are Chaos, Trickery, Tyranny, Luck, Madness and Travel.

# Talyxius (Merlankh)

According to records in Eldrian Talyxius is the son of Felosa and Jh'karr that sacrificed himself to the world. His symbol is a simple blue circle. His worshipers are few, as his power is very limited when compared to other deities who have a physical presence in the world. (His physical form was destroyed during his attempt to save the material plane.) Even without a physical form, his spirit lives on. Druids gain their power from him, even if they don't realize it. He favours natural weapons and armour, especially those made of wood and crystal. Before his physical form was destroyed, he was a tall male deity, appearing to be made of crystal with a clearish-blue body, deep blue eyes with black pupils, green hair, and red veins showing through his clear skin. His domains are Courage, Nobility, Psionics and Protection. Talysius is unaligned and only permits clerics with a neutral aspect (Neutral, Neutral Good, Neutral Evil, Chaotic Neutral, Lawful Neutral or unaligned).

#### N'Tra

N'Tra is the goddess of undeath. She is a Neutral Evil deity that appears as a slightly to extremely skeletal woman with ratty grayish white hair. Her symbol is a circle between two horizontal bars symbolizing the spirit rapped between life and death (undeath). Her favoured weapons are any slashing weapon, and her domains are Death, Darkness, Corruption and Pain.

#### omande

Omande is the god of Vengeance and Justice. He is a Chaotic Good deity that appears mostly as a man with salt and pepper hair and a long beard with human tone skin. He is very popular w and has many temples in small towns and large cities alike. His favoured weapons are the bastard

sword and greataxe. His symbol is an 'I' shaped set of scales and his domains are Wrath, Healing, War and Strength.

#### **Qevas**

Qevas is the god of travel. He is a Chaotic Neutral deity with a rugged appearance with brown hair and grey eyes. His symbolis a square with a line through it vertically symbolizing motion. His favoured weapons are the spear and the staff, and his domains are Travel, Trickery, Liberation, and Celerity.

## Revistas

Revistas is the god of psionics. There are vague references to him in Eldrian as the god of cats, the Cat God, and the Lord of the Crystal Power. He is a Lawful Neutral god who's symbol is four triangles forming a larger triangle and his domains are Psionics, Mind, Force, and Knowledge.

### Selmenos

Selmenos is the god of wrath and torture. He is a Chaotic Evil deity with long white hair, reddish skin and red eyes. He is the creator of the Demons and the brother of Calmenos (who created the devils) and is the Lord of the Abyss. He wears blood red robes trimmed in fire and darkness. His symbol is two half circles joining (red and black) and his favoured weapons are any that can kill. His domains are War, Destruction, Demonic, and Pain.

# T'Zyef

T'Zyef is the goddess of Storms and Electricity. She is a Chaotic Neutral deity who appears as a female made of mist and lightning with long silver hair and silver eyes. Her symbol is a lightning bolt striking the ground. Her favoured weapons are: any sword, and electrical weapons. Her domains are Air, Weather, Water, and Sun.

### umande

umande is the goddess of Peace and Mercy. According to Eldrian lore, she is the wife of Haldor and the greatest of healers. She is a Neutral Good deity that is described as a tall female, with long red hair and green eyes. She has no favoured weapon. Her symbol is a triangle balancing on another triangle's point and her domains are Pleasure, Joy, Purification, Peace and Protection. In addition to any domain features, all of her cleric get a sacred bonus to healing checks equal to half their cleric level (Game related info: instead of a favoured weapon, her clerics can heal exceptionally well. She dislikes injury of any kind and will even answer the prayers of evil creatures if they show promise in turning from their evil deeds.)

# Hvylaxta

Hvylaxta is the god of balance and truth. His is a Lawful Good deity and the god of all paladins. He has long blond hair, light tone skin, blue eyes and bright silvery (or white) armour. His favoured weapons are the longsword and the bastard sword. His symbol is a triangle of gold, and his domains are Inquisition, Heraldry, Community and Endurance.

### weldankh

Weldankh is the god of slaying. He is a Lawful Evil deity described in Eldrian texts as having short black hair, human skin tone, and dark eyes with a black leather tunic, black pants and boots. His symbol is a sickle, silver on black. His favoured weapons are the sickle, the short sword, and the dagger. His domains are Death, Domination, Evil and Pain.

# xy'va

Xy'va is the goddess of dreams and visions. She is a Neutral goddess, the wife of Aldus and is part of the power of the space-time continuum. It is through her that Aldus sends visions of the future to the mortal races. She is a female with pale mauve skin, chocolate hair, and violet eyes. Her robes are blue and violet. Her favoured weapons are the staff and the mace. Her symbol is a small circle inside of a crescent moon. (Domains: Dreams, Knowledge, Time, Force, Mind)

# Yea've

Yea've is the goddess of healing and life. She is the daughter of umande and Haldor and is a Neutral Good goddess. She is a slender lady with golden hair and blue eyes wearing white and silver. Her symbol is rippling water (a circle, within a circle, within a circle). Her favoured weapon is the mace, and her domains are Good, Healing, Protection, and Community.

# Thynghos

Thynghos is the god of darkness. He is a Neutral Evil deity reported to have grey skin, dark hair and violet eyes. According to Eldrian texts he is the son of Felosa. His symbol is a circle beneath two lines (symbolizing sunset, or darkness). His domains are Darkness, Pact, Nightfall, and Greed.

# The One (Eru)

The One is the father of the gods, and the instructor of Aldus in the creation of the shells of time and space according to Genesis in the Book of Aldus. He appears to be beyond a single alignment and can take any form and visage, though the first description you have seen is an androgynous male with long white hair, silver, gold and green (triple banded iris) eyes, and gold and silver fingernails wearing robes of silver, gold, white and green. His symbol is four bars forming what appears to be a double 'E' in green with a light and dark sphere at each end. His purposes are to extend understanding and promote universal balance. His domains are: Special: Evolution, Music, Understanding. Normal: Darkness, Pact, Knowledge, Greed, Good, Healing, Protection, Community, Dreams, Time, Psionics, Mind, Death, Domination, Evil, Pain, Inquisition, Heraldry, Endurance, Pleasure, Joy, Purification, Air, Weather, Water, Sun, War, Destruction, Demonic, Travel, Trickery, Luck, Celerity, Wrath, Strength, Corruption, Courage, Nobility, Chaos, Tyranny, Madness, Bestial, Pestilence, Creation, Liberation, Competition,, Oracle, Earth, Fire, Cold, Magic, Summoner, Mysticism, Fey, Plant, Animal, Diabolic, Greed, Law, Fate, Life, Artifice, Beastfriend, Charm, Nightfall, Repose, Rune, Peace, Draconic, and Planning.

# R'Mare

R'Mare is only mentioned in *Genesis* as the 'Dragon God' and is supposedly beyond an alignment. His Symbol is a silver claw with a pink aura about it. His domains are: Draconic, Magic, Psionics, Creation, Destruction, Artifice, Time, Charm.

# 15.0 The Zoria Setting Details and Localities

# 15.1 Zoria World Details

The Zoria Calendar:

Ages have 25,000 years.

350 day year, 10 months each with 35 days, 5 weeks per month with 7 days each, each month is one lunar cycle.

Zoreac and Elven Calendars of Zoria (Used by Most Races of the Zoria Continent)

The year begins in the Spring and ends in the Winter.

The Zoreac term for "month" is *Femos*, meaning moon-circuit. Ojh is the Zoreac word for "day'.

# Months of the Year:

Zoreac	,—	Elven
Leqefemos	_	Cuivasta (The Awakening) – Day 1 – 35
Delmorfemos	_	Lotesse (Time of Flowers) – Day 36 – 70
Ku'Salfemos	_	Narie (Warming) – Day 71 – 105
Saelfemos	_	Urime (Hot) – Day 106 – 140
Yeafemos	_	Yavannie (The Harvest) – Day 141 – 175
Thynfemos	_	Narquelie (Sun Fading) – Day 176 – 210
Baladlfemos	_	Lotqulie (Flowers Fade) – Day 211 – 245
Qefemos	_	Helkasta (Month of Ice) – Day 246 – 280
Cathyfemos	_	Ringare (Cold Month) – Day 281 – 315
Torfemos	_	Hisime (Month of Rains and Mists) – Day 316 – 350

# Days of the week:

Zoreac	, —	Elven
Erevnojh	_	Elenya (Starsday)
Galnojh		Anarya (Sunsday)
Felnojh		Isilya (Moonsday)
Delnojh		Alduya (Treesday)
T'Zenojh		Menelya (Skysday)
Imanojh		Valanya (Godsday)
Zannojh		Tarion (Kingsday)